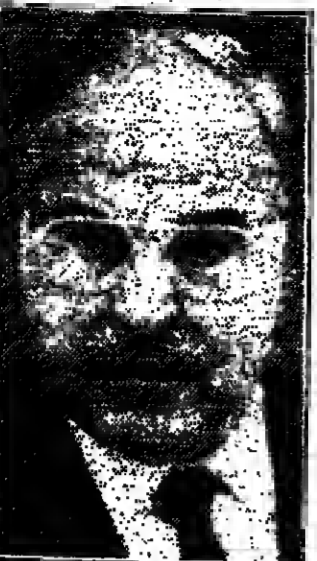


Arms Pact Gets Bonn Support

Coalition Wants U.S. to Exclude 72 Pershing 1As

By Robert J. McCartney

CHANCELLOR Helmut Kohl's coalition said Monday that it would accept, with an important reservation, the elimination of shorter-range nuclear weapons as part of a treaty banning intermediate-range missiles in Europe.



Chancellor Helmut Kohl

in a speech to the Bundestag, or parliament, officials said. The coalition attached one potentially significant reservation to its acceptance of the Soviet Union's proposal to remove all ground-based missiles with a range of between 300 and 600 miles (500 to 1,000 kilometers) as part of an intermediate force accord.

Blame Put By Soviet On Forces

Human Error Cited in Breach Of Airspace

New York Times Service

MOSCOW — Gennadi I. Gerasimov, the Foreign Ministry spokesman, said Monday that an investigation was continuing into the military mishandling of the flight of Mathias Rust, the young West German who flew from Finland to Red Square. He suggested that further punishment awaits military officers who failed to force the plane down.



Soldiers surround the helicopter in which an explosion killed Rashid Karami on Monday.

Prime Minister Of Lebanon Is Assassinated

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

BEIRUT — Prime Minister Rashid Karami of Lebanon was killed Monday when a bomb in his briefcase exploded aboard an army helicopter just minutes after takeoff from his summer home near Tripoli, the police said.



Rashid Karami

The explosion wounded Interior Minister Abdullah al-Rassi, the pilot and an unknown number of others among the 20 persons aboard the helicopter, which the pilot landed. It had taken off from Mr. Karami's home in Baysal, a village 12 miles (19 kilometers) southeast of Tripoli.

Kiosk 3 Are Charged In Paris Blast

PARIS (Reuters) — Three persons suspected of links with pro-Iranian terrorist groups were charged Monday with complicity in the bombing last year of a post office in the Paris City Hall, judicial sources said.



Mark Messier, whose goal started Edmonton on a 3-1 victory and its third NHL title in four years. Page 19.

GENERAL NEWS India said it would send an unarmed convoy to Jaffna with relief supplies. Sri Lanka responded coolly. Page 4.

Dow close: DOWN 3.34 The dollar in New York: DM \$ Yen FF 1.8285 1.629 145.05 6.0975

Reagan Indicates He Will Ask Allies At Venice Meeting for Help in Gulf

WASHINGTON — President Ronald Reagan indicated Monday that he would seek the help of U.S. allies in protecting shipping in the Persian Gulf. He said, "I believe that those who have not lived up to their military responsibilities will be punished accordingly," Mr. Gerasimov said.

Flight Points Up Soviet Command Faults

By Barry James International Herald Tribune The unchallenged flight by a West German teen-ager who piloted a light aircraft to Red Square showed up the inadequacy of Soviet command and control structures rather than specific failings in the country's radar system, Western air defense experts said Monday.

In Hong Kong, the Wise Consult Feng Shui Man

By Patrick L. Smith International Herald Tribune HONG KONG — When Hong-kong & Shanghai Banking Corp. cut the ribbon on its new headquarters building about a year ago, the ceremony drew a glittering array of the colony's rich and powerful.



"Triangles mean danger. Not too many people like them, except for the Egyptians."

— Sung Siu-keung, who dispenses feng shui advice

Pride, Fear on West Bank Are a Volatile Mixture

By Glenn Frankel Washington Post Service ALFEI MENASHE, Israeli-occupied West Bank — Ofra Moses lived here on the occupied West Bank with her husband, Avraham, and their three children at 5 Azmon Street, a town house of stone with a

The Six-Day War: 20 Years After

The second in a series on the legacy of the Six-Day War deals with the civil conflict on the West Bank. The second in a series on the legacy of the Six-Day War deals with the civil conflict on the West Bank.

Soviet Trade With Comecon Lagging Cooperation Remains Stagnant Despite Gorbachev Calls

By Jackson Diehl Washington Post Service WARSAW — Despite Mikhail S. Gorbachev's calls for radical improvement in economic cooperation, trade between the Soviet Union and its six East European allies is stagnating and new technological and industrial projects are mired in bureaucratic entanglements, according to government officials and economists.

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## India to Ship Food, Medicine To Rebel Area on Sri Lanka

**NEW DELHI** — India announced Monday that it intended to send an unarmed convoy of about 20 small ships to Sri Lanka's Jaffna Peninsula on Wednesday with food, fuel and medical supplies provided by the Indian Red Cross.

Sri Lankan troops have been battling Tamil separatist guerrillas on the peninsula for the past week. A Foreign Ministry spokesman here said journalists, photographers and television crews would be given facilities to accompany the unarmed ships. Sri Lanka was informed of the India's plans on Monday and was asked to cooperate.

In Colombo, the Sri Lankan government responded coolly to the Indian proposal. The Foreign Ministry said the supplies were not necessary and that the means of delivery and distribution would have to be worked out.

"If, as professed, the government and people of India want to be of assistance," the Foreign Ministry statement said, "the government of Sri Lanka would consider receiving relief supplies intended for the Jaffna area purely in the interest of good neighborly relations."

An official Sri Lanka source said, however, that India's plan to distribute relief supplies in Jaffna was an infringement of Sri Lanka's

sovereignty "that we will have to oppose."

He said the cabinet held an emergency meeting Monday and Parliament would have a similar session Tuesday to pass a joint resolution "saying it is an infringement of our sovereignty to bypass the government."

Asked if Sri Lanka would fire on an Indian flotilla bringing the supplies, he said: "No, we wouldn't oppose them with arms, that would be a break in diplomatic relations."

India has strongly condemned Sri Lanka's offensive against the Tamil rebels, and Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi last week accused Colombo of slaughtering thousands of Sri Lankan citizens in the Jaffna Peninsula.

Colombo has denied Indian charges that it bombed and strafed civilians. It said 37 civilians have been killed during the military offensive along with 30 soldiers and 150 rebels.

The Sri Lankan Foreign Ministry also appeared to question New Delhi's plan for Indian Red Cross officials to distribute the supplies in Jaffna.

"The modalities of supply and distribution, it is suggested, could be worked out by representatives of both governments," a ministry statement said.

The exchange over the flotilla occurred as the government in Colombo reported that its troops had

captured the last rebel stronghold in Jaffna's northeast Vadammarachi region, the major objective of the offensive.

"It's a very big blow for the terrorists," a government spokesman said.

But he admitted that another objective of the military action, the capture of a Tamil military commander, Velupillai Prabhakaran, had failed.

Journalists were not permitted to travel to the region to verify the situation.

However, the army lifted a week-long curfew in the rest of the Jaffna peninsula for 11 hours to allow the 800,000 inhabitants to buy supplies. It was an indication that the first stage of the government's operation to secure the peninsula was near completion.

It also said troops were distributing dry rations to civilians in Vadammarachi and would soon lift a fuel embargo there.

Officials have said that seizing control of Vadammarachi from an estimated 600 to 1,000 guerrillas of the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam was the main objective of the operation.

In Colombo, President Junius R. Jayawardene, who has taken an increasingly tough line against the rebels to recent weeks, said he, his ministers and party colleagues would never allow the destruction of Sri Lanka's unity.



## In South Korea, a Mothers' March for Jailed Activists

About 60 mothers demanding the release of 150 student activists were arrested Monday in Seoul as they marched toward the city hall. In the front line of protesters was a 67-year-old woman whose grandson had been jailed for demonstrating against the government of President Chun Doo Hwan. Her headband says: "Down with Dictators." About 300 police took the women away on buses.

## 8 Years After Defeat by Hanoi, a Resurgent Khmer Rouge

**By Seth Mydans**  
*New York Times Service*

**TA NGOC, Thailand** — Like many of his countrymen, Knu Ngorn lost several family members during the harsh four-year rule of the Cambodian strongman Pol Pot.

But unlike most Cambodians, he remains under the control of Pol Pot's Khmer Rouge administration, which holds sway in the Site 8 camp for displaced people near this small border town.

Thai soldiers guard the camp's perimeter, and international relief

organizations offer food and medical care in buildings near its front gate.

But along the narrow pathways deep inside the camp, which is crowded with 30,000 refugees, uniformed Khmer Rouge soldiers stroll openly, apparently on leave from the fighting just across the border.

Khmer Rouge organizers gather the refugees for regular political indoctrination sessions and, according to Mr. Ngorn and others, periodically recruit them as porters for their guerrilla army inside Cambodia.

Unlike guerrilla groups who control other camps along the border, the Khmer Rouge discourage contact with outsiders and, according to relief workers, forbid letter writing.

### 200 People Evacuated During California Fire

**MONTEREY, California** — Nearly 200 people have been evacuated from their homes near the coastal city of Monterey because of a brush and forest fire, a fire official said Monday.

Captain Jackie Scottin of the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection said the blaze, which began Saturday afternoon, had destroyed or damaged about 40 houses. She said the fire had spread over about 100 acres (40 hectares).

Eight years after being driven from power by a Vietnamese invasion, Pol Pot retains a fighting force estimated at 40,000 and a measure of international recognition as part of a rebel coalition backed by China, the United States and Cambodia's non-Communist neighbors in Southeast Asia.

Khmer Rouge leaders have maintained their international standing despite evidence that they killed more than a million Cambodians during their years in power.

A New York-based human rights group, the Cambodia Documentation Commission, has begun a campaign to have the Khmer Rouge tried for genocide before the International Court of Justice.

"The Khmer Rouge have done quite well," a Western diplomat said. "Here we are after all these years, with this same secretive organization under the same leadership, with considerable numbers of fighters still existing there in the jungle."

The Khmer Rouge army is believed to be having some success in its recruitment, not only among the refugees in its camps but within Vietnamese-controlled Cambodia.

"The Khmer Rouge can get in very far inside Cambodia," said Thou Thon, an official of the non-Communist Khmer Peoples National Liberation Front, which is allied with the Pol Pot group in an uncomfortable rebel coalition.

"When the Vietnamese mistreat the Khmer people, the first ones the people find who will help them are the Khmer Rouge," he said.

Mr. Ngorn, now 30, was a student when Pol Pot came to power in 1975 and has spent his adult life under his control.

Looking at his son, 4, who stood

with his hand on Mr. Ngorn's knee, he said, "I want for him better than my life with Pol Pot, better than my life in this camp."

The Site 8 camp is the Khmer Rouge showpiece, and it is visibly

rebel coalition, one loyal to Prince Norodon Sihanouk and the other to Mr. Thon's faction.

As a measure of the camp's tight organization, the International Committee for the Red Cross counted only a half-dozen violent incidents in the last year.

But aid officials worry about four smaller Khmer Rouge camps, where they have been permitted only occasional visits.

Within Site 8, the uniformed soldiers do not approach the administration buildings, where on Wednesdays the refugees line up with their ration cards for the weekly deliveries of rice, canned fish, flour, beans, cooking oil and salt.

Groups of Khmer Rouge soldiers in green canvas shoes, green uniforms and green Chinese-style caps stroll the pathways or lounge in the shade of the tiny huts. When the soldiers see a foreigner, they flee in all directions.

An outsider finds little criticism of Pol Pot or the Khmer Rouge.

"I am a supporter of the Khmer Rouge," said Or Ee, who works in the camp's hospital. "All the people here support the Khmer Rouge. Some people say Pol Pot was bad. For me, I did not see him kill people. I don't know about that."

He and others insisted that recruitment for the Khmer Rouge supply lines was voluntary.

"It is a vital aspect of the guerrilla conflict, which one diplomat described as "a war of supply."

"If the resistance can continue to build supply routes into the country, if they can recruit, train and maintain a presence inside, then the Vietnamese are in trouble," he said.

Mr. Ngorn has been among those recruited.

"I have gone to the military camp," he said. "I have carried the rice and the military supplies. We walk for three days or a week. If the Vietnamese attack, the soldiers fight them and I hide myself in a good place."

He, too, said this work was socially voluntary, but added: "Maybe some go because they are afraid. The ones who are afraid, maybe they remember how it was before."

As he talked to a reporter, a crowd of curious children and a few unsmiling adults grew outside the shade of the hut. Mr. Ngorn rose with his small son to leave.

## A Broader Education for Engineers MIT to Require Courses in Arts, Humanities, Social Sciences

**By Edward B. Fiske**  
*New York Times Service*

**CAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts** — As the first step in a long-term effort to broaden the education of engineering students, undergraduates at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology will be required to pursue more systematic study of the arts, humanities and social sciences.

Starting with the freshman class next year, undergraduates will be required to take at least three courses that stress such fundamental academic themes as literary traditions and the origins of political institutions.

For the first time, they will be allowed to choose nontechnical disciplines, ranging from philosophy

to the role of women in society, as a minor field of study.

The changes were approved by a faculty vote May 20 after vigorous debate and student opposition. They are part of what Paul E. Gray, president of the institute, termed a "searching assessment and reformulation" of what engineers do and how they should be trained.

"A professional engineer can no longer be narrowly focused on technical interests," he said. "He lives and operates in a social system, and he needs to understand cultural and human values. Humanities courses cannot be viewed merely as frosting on the cake."

The changes are also meant, institute officials said, to dispel the notion that engineers are "technological mercenaries" who solve other people's problems. Another aim is to prepare more graduates for major policy-making posts in politics, business and other fields.

"Too many MIT graduates end up working for too many Princeton and Harvard graduates," said Ann F. Friedlander, dean of the School of Humanities and Social Science.

As the next step in the effort, courses are being planned in which students would study the social, political, economic and other consequences of technological developments. Prospective topics in these courses are to include economic competitiveness with Japan and the politics of the development of the hydrogen bomb.

The idea is to bridge the two worlds of the humanities, arts and social sciences on the one hand and engineering and society on the other. Margaret L.A. MacVicar, dean for undergraduate education, said of the courses in the next phase of the program: "The hope is that this will become a requirement."

The institute has about 4,500 undergraduates. Two-thirds of them, more than ever before, are enrolled in the School of Engineering and Computer Science.

Science and mathematics majors account for nearly a quarter of the students, and the rest, about 10 percent, pursue majors in the arts, architecture, humanities or social sciences.

## Rome Outlines War on Litter

**United Press International**

**ROME** — Rome's 208 sanitation workers were empowered Monday to issue on-the-spot fines to litterers ranging from 30,000 lire (\$23) to 700,000 lire. The minimal fine of 30,000 lire covers abuses such as tossing cigarette butts and other small bits of refuse on the streets.

The fine for leaving a bag of garbage on the street will be 50,000 lire and dumping a load of garbage or trash from 200,000 lire to a maximum 700,000 lire. City sanitation officials have installed big, bright yellow garbage cans because the old models — small, orange plastic containers attached to street signs — were small and constantly overloaded.

Some Romans think the campaign will not work. In a letter in Rome's *Il Messaggero* newspaper Monday, the head of the city's environmental department, Gabriele Alcinai, noted that officials have been trying to clean up the city for centuries.

## U.K. Demands Apology From Iran for Abduction

**The Associated Press**

**LONDON** — Britain said Monday it had demanded an apology from Iran for the one-day abduction of a British diplomat in Tehran and said Iran had "trumped up" a case against him.

The British foreign secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, said there was no foundation for charges against the diplomat, Edward Chaplin, who was abducted Thursday.

Sir Geoffrey expressed skepticism over Iranian claims that the action against Mr. Chaplin was not related to charges brought against Ali Qassemi, an Iranian vice consul in Manchester, England.

Mr. Qassemi, 29, has been charged with shoplifting, reckless driving and resisting arrest.

He was released on bail the same day that Mr. Chaplin was kidnapped.

"Frankly, it is very difficult to believe that they are not connected," Sir Geoffrey said.

"It would be quite unjustifiable for them to be connected, but it

does look as if they have been trumped up in response to the charge on which their official in this country would stand trial."

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher described the Chaplin affair as outrageous and said pressure would be kept on Tehran.

The Foreign Office said Britain had demanded an explanation for the abduction and arrest of Mr. Chaplin.

An official said Britain had demanded an apology, as well as details of the charges the Iranians said they were bringing against Mr. Chaplin.

"We have made it clear both here and in Tehran that we are not prepared to wait indefinitely for an answer," the official said.

Mr. Chaplin, 36, was kidnapped by six armed men while driving to Tehran.

He was beaten in front of his wife and two children and held for 24 hours.

Iran has said he will be charged with unspecified offenses.

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# In Iran-Contra Hearings, Testimony Is Marked by Conflicts and Contradictions

**WASHINGTON**—Joe Fernandez, a suspended CIA station chief, contradicted in testimony released Monday an assurance given to the House intelligence committee in October by the CIA's chief of covert operations that the agency had not aided a private resupply effort for Nicaraguan rebels.

Mr. Fernandez's comments, made in Friday's closed session of the House and Senate Iran-contra hearings, included his answers to questions by panel members, including Senator Sam Nunn, Democrat of Georgia.

The 240 pages of testimony were released only after numerous passages were blacked out at the request of the CIA.

At one point, Mr. Nunn read from an Oct. 14, 1986, statement in which Clair George, the chief of CIA covert operations, told the intelligence panel: "The CIA is not involved directly or indirectly in arranging, directing or facilitating resupply missions coordinated by private individuals in support of the Nicaraguan Democratic resistance."

Mr. Fernandez responded: "I would have to disagree with that. My participation did facilitate because it provided the information needed for the delivering supplies by air."

The suspended station chief told the committee he had felt uncomfortable with his role as a go-between in the resupply operation, but had received directives from



Sam Nunn, left, Warren B. Rudman.

Washington telling him to keep up his activities.

Mr. Fernandez, also known by the pseudonym Tomas Castillo, told congressional investigators he had felt concerned last summer about the "unorthodox" role he was playing in the resupply operation and had suggested to Washington another way to coordinate the flights that would provide the CIA more distance from the operation.

He said he sought "to at least take me out of it—I am thinking in very personal terms—take me out of that unorthodox position I found myself in."

But in a cable sent July 12, the agency's Central American Task

**'So they were arms dealers, and they were also flesh peddlers, were they not, Mr. Rodriguez?'**

— Warren B. Rudman



Felix I. Rodriguez

Force, run by Alan Fiers, essentially told Mr. Fernandez not to change what he was doing.

Mr. Nunn, one of the principal questioners, said Mr. Fernandez's superior appeared to have been protecting himself while leaving the station chief "hanging out there by yourself."

Mr. Fernandez replied, "Well, Senator, there are times in this business when we realize that perhaps that is the way things work."

**Rampant Contradictions**  
Don Morgan and Walter Pincus of The Washington Post reported: One witness who worked for the private airlift did not disagree last

week when Senator Warren B. Rudman, Republican of New Hampshire and vice chairman of the Senate committee, described the operators of that airlift in lurid terms:

"So, they were not only arms dealers, but they were making \$50,000 to \$60,000 on people who were risking their lives. So they were arms dealers, and they were also flesh peddlers, were they not, Mr. Rodriguez?"

"It would look like [that] with this paper, sir," answered Felix I. Rodriguez, a former CIA employee who had begun working with the secret airlift operation supporting the contras in September 1985, but soon became disgruntled.

One explanation for the conflicts and contradictions in the past four weeks of testimony in the Iran-contra affair may be simply that some witnesses are trying to cover up possible illegalities. But it is also evident that some are using their moment in the spotlight to rationalize their own actions, or continue old feuds.

A retired air force colonel, Robert C. Dutton, last week described Mr. Rodriguez as a "detritment" to the airlift operation who had used his influence with the Salvadoran military to make life difficult for Colonel Dutton and others. Colonel Dutton said he believed Mr. Rodriguez was motivated by money—specifically a desire to get

control of a special emergency fund and "fuel account."

Colonel Dutton said there had been concern within the operation that Mr. Rodriguez was "leaking information" to journalists involved in a lawsuit against Colonel Dutton's superiors: Lieutenant Colonel Oliver L. North, the former National Security Council aide, and a retired major general, Richard V. Secord.

But Mr. Rodriguez said he had placed an armed contra guard on General Secord's planes to prevent them from being "stolen from the contras."

Key witnesses frequently have given different versions of the same event.

Testifying on the first day of the hearings, for example, General Secord told of an all-night meeting in July 1985 in Miami at which Colonel North warned that limited contra funds might be "getting wasted, squandered, or even worse—some people might be lining their pockets."

The message, General Secord said, was directed at the two top contra leaders present: Adolfo Calero and Enrique Bermudez. Colonel North, General Secord continued, was raising the corruption issue as part of a broader plan to reduce Mr. Calero's role, set up the U.S.-run airlift in Central America and strengthen southern forces not under Mr. Calero's direct control.

corruption in the ranks of his Nicaraguan resistance group.

Mr. Calero also specifically denied General Secord's assertion that there had been a discussion of an airlift, much less the "common agreement" that General Secord said had been reached on the need for it.

The conflict surrounding the secret effort on behalf of the Nicaraguan rebels appears to have been political as well as monetary.

Testimony and documents introduced about the March 1986 visit of a retired U.S. Army major general, John K. Singlaub, to Costa Rica, for example, have raised puzzling questions that may be answered when Elliott Abrams, an assistant secretary of state, testifies starting Tuesday.

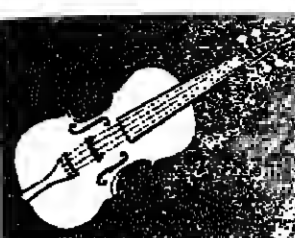
General Singlaub, an adviser to anti-Communist resistance movements around the world, made the trip at the urging of Senator Jesse Helms, Republican of North Carolina. The visit was an effort to bring a contra leader, Eden Pastora Gomez, into the cooperative framework of the Nicaraguan resistance.

General Singlaub testified that he had spoken to Mr. Abrams before setting off on this mission and that while Mr. Abrams "expressed some doubts that it could be done," he "posed no objections."

In fact, Mr. Pastora was at that time being dropped by the CIA with the support of Colonel North and Mr. Abrams, who considered him uncontrollable, according to other sources.

## Missing Funds Sought

An investigating judge in Geneva said Monday that the sultan of Brunei is seeking the return of a \$10 million donation for Nicaraguan rebels that was mistakenly deposited in the account of a wealthy Swiss businessman. The Associated Press reported Monday from Geneva.



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## With U.S. Help, Contras Have Improved but Still Make Serious Mistakes

By James LeMoyné  
New York Times Service

**BOCAJ, Nicaragua**—As Sandinist rockets slammed into a rebel base near this lonely town on the northern border, radio messages intercepted by rebel listening posts brought more bad news.

The Sandinists were reinforcing an estimated 1,500 men in two elite battalions three miles (about five kilometers) away in the area of the Boca and Coco rivers, with elements of two other battalions. A major assault against the outnumbered rebels appeared likely.

That night, a Sandinist rocket blew five rebels off a nearby ridge, wounding all. A veteran patrol commander, code-named Ranchero, was evacuated, spitting blood and moaning at the pain from shrapnel wounds. He had neglected to dig a fox-hole, and thus became one of the rebels' 50 dead and wounded in two weeks of fighting in the area.

The fight along the Honduran-Nicaraguan border was one of several pieces of evidence seen during a three-day trip with rebel forces last week that indicated that the U.S.-backed guerrillas, known as contras, have made some improvements.

At the same time, they are repeating serious political and tactical mistakes that increase the odds against them in their uphill struggle against the Sandinists.

While defending fixed positions easily reached by the government's Soviet-provided rockets and

artillery, the contras also were taking steady casualties in a pitched battle against the much stronger Nicaraguan Army.

"We have inflicted many casualties on the Sandinists, too, but it may be time to move to other positions," said Mike Lima, one of the contras' most senior combat commanders, as more Sandinist rockets exploded in the distance.

Despite their high-technology gadgetry, military training and sophisticated political talk, the contras still bear the marks of a traditional peasant guerrilla army—one that appears to be having serious adjustment problems in its first months of fighting after two years of sitting in base camps inside Honduras.

The contras have yet to show they can make the necessary transition to a politically and militarily shrewd fighting force. Rebel commanders admit the government is fighting effectively; they concede that the Sandinists may be inflicting as many casualties as they are receiving.

But although the Sandinists appear to have a steady supply of new recruits, the contras do not. Rebel commanders said recruiting was just keeping up with losses, even with forced recruitment, which is regarded among contra leaders as a politically damaging practice that must be stopped.

The rebels say a major problem is that northern Nicaragua has become a depopulated no-man's land, reducing the pool of young men.

Contra officials and diplomats who monitor the rebels say that if Congress renews U.S. assistance to the rebels later this year, it will take two to four more years of hard fighting for the contras to stand a chance of seriously weakening the Sandinists—principally by destroying the Nicaraguan economy.

If U.S. aid is cut off, contras and non-American diplomats say, the rebel forces would collapse.

In the border fighting, the contras' plan in the face of the Sandinist advance was to break up into smaller units and vanish into the hills, then to send teams behind Sandinist lines to shoot down helicopters and set up small ambushes. Instead, the contras ran into Honduras en masse and got into a static slugfest match they could not win.

At a small rebel camp during the battle, news arrived that a Sandinist unit might have infiltrated rebel lines and be approaching less than a mile away. In a combat situation, with more than 2,000 Sandinist troops known to be close by preparing to attack, the rebels had failed to take the basic step of putting out guard patrols.

As fighting continued at front-line contra positions, the rebels at a nearby weapons and communications center failed to take minimal security measures as night set in.

Three reporters discussed escape routes as young contras turned their transistor radio up to

full blast in the still night air. No one wanted to dig foxholes, a rebel commander said, because "we aren't accustomed to digging."

But the rebels have also defied predictions that they would show themselves to be a spent force.

The Central Intelligence Agency, has turned the contras into the best-equipped guerrilla force Latin America has ever seen. The rebel units visited recently carried computerized radio coding machines, U.S. Redeye anti-aircraft missiles and other sophisticated new equipment.

Rebel units rely on air drops by the CIA that diplomats say are flown out of Swan Island, a tiny Honduran isle in the Caribbean. CIA agents train and advise rebel commanders there and at rebel bases in southern Honduras, rebel officials and diplomats say.

The contras also showed a reporter a communications center where teams of American-trained rebels sat before the blinking green screens of their computer terminals, intercepting and decoding as many as 1,000 Sandinist radio messages a day.

As teams of mules hauled ammunition boxes outside, rebel radio operators relayed intercepted news of Sandinist troop movements by computerized encoders to rebel units in the field, which have their own computer encoding-decoding devices.

The rebels also carry U.S.-provided lists of targets, such as electrical towers, fuel dumps and bridges, to be attacked in the months ahead. The

contras claim to have recently blown up at least nine large fuel storage tanks near the town of Rama.

But there are signs that the contras have yet to effectively apply the U.S. advice and hardware. Their most serious errors include kidnapping civilians in Nicaragua and forcing them to join the rebel ranks.

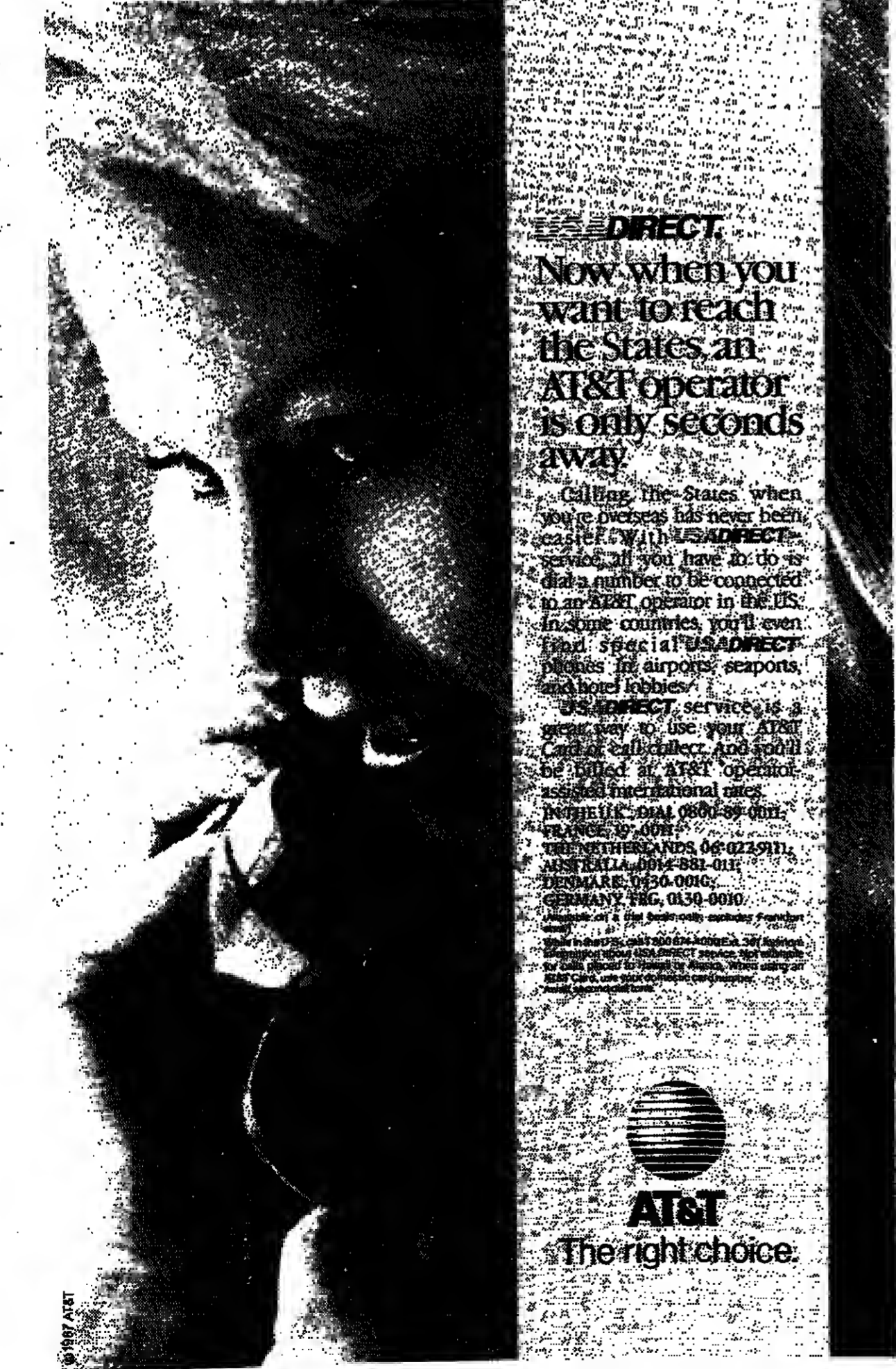
A visitor found evidence of at least 20 kidnappings of civilians in April. Two rebel officials called such kidnappings "a mistake," but could not explain why it persists.

They also continue to attack civilian agricultural cooperatives in Nicaragua—politically risky targets for the contras, who need to gain wider civilian support.

The rebels' chief military commander, Colonel Enrique Bermudez, appears to be aware that his forces have to do better. As he sent two heavily armed units into Nicaragua from a border base recently, he told them the rebels are doing far too much fighting in isolated mountains and too little sabotage against their assigned targets.

He also warned the rebels to treat civilians well and to spend more time explaining their fight to the people they meet.

But the costly recent battle on the border and the kidnapping of civilians indicate that the contras have a long way to go in putting such words into practice.



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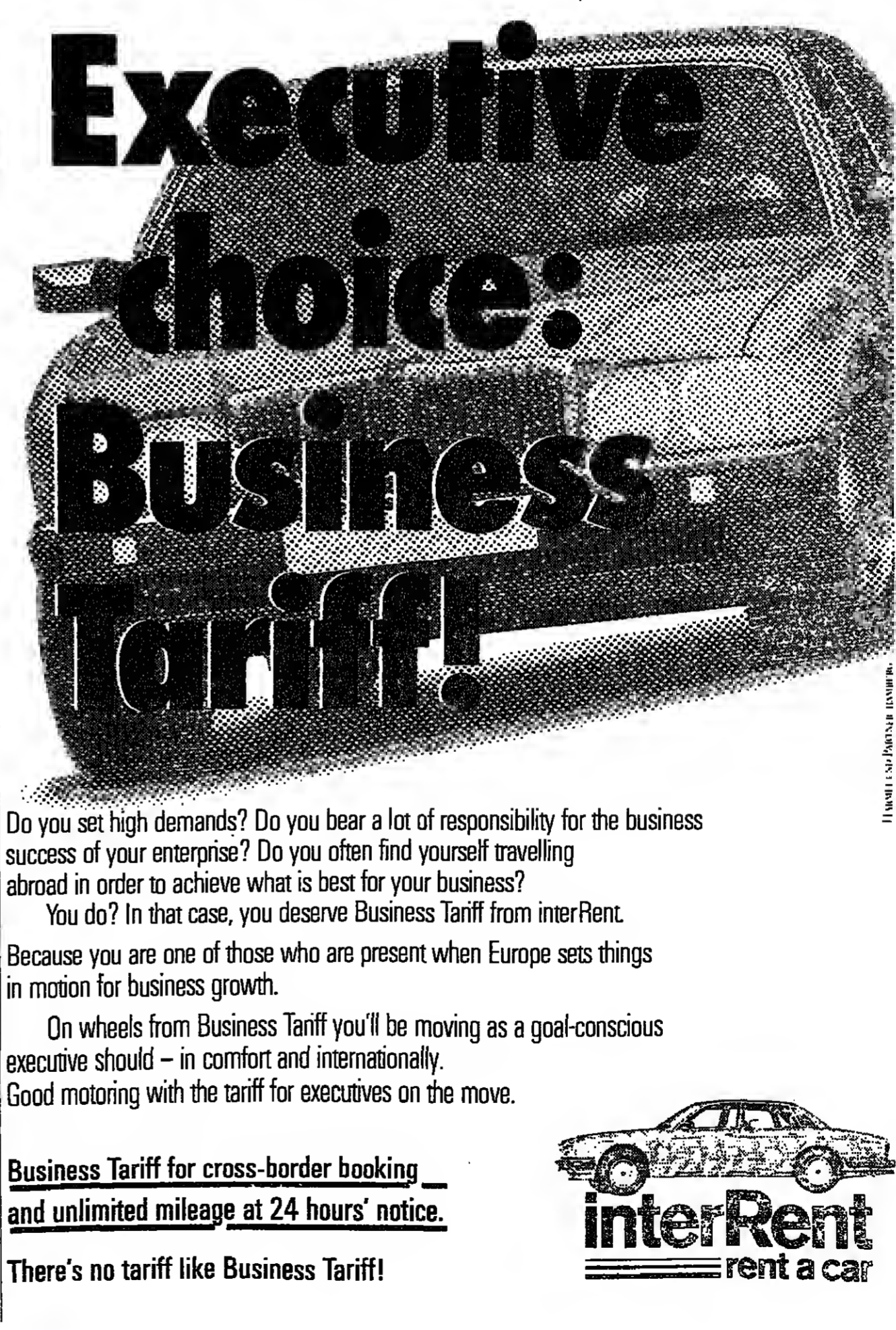
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## India to Ship Food, Medicine To Rebel Area on Sri Lanka

**NEW DELHI** — India announced Monday that it intended to send an unarmed convoy of about 20 small ships to Sri Lanka's Jaffna Peninsula on Wednesday with food, fuel and medical supplies provided by the Indian Red Cross.

Sri Lankan troops have been battling Tamil separatist guerrillas on the peninsula for the past week. A Foreign Ministry spokesman here said journalists, photographers and relief crews would be given facilities to accompany the unarmed ships. Sri Lanka was informed of the India's plans on Monday and was asked to cooperate.

In Colombo, the Sri Lankan government responded coolly to the Indian proposal. The Foreign Ministry said the supplies were not necessary and that the means of delivery and distribution would have to be worked out.

"If, as professed, the government and people of India want to be of assistance," the Foreign Ministry statement said, "the government of Sri Lanka would consider receiving relief supplies intended for the Jaffna area purely in the interest of good neighborly relations."

An official Sri Lankan source said, however, that India's plan to distribute relief supplies in Jaffna was an infringement of Sri Lanka's

sovereignty "that we will have to oppose." He said the cabinet held an emergency meeting Monday and Parliament would have a similar session Tuesday to pass a joint resolution "saying it is an infringement of our sovereignty to bypass the government."

Asked if Sri Lanka would fire on an Indian flotilla bringing the supplies, he said: "No, we wouldn't oppose them with arms, that would be a break in diplomatic relations." India has strongly condemned Sri Lanka's offensive against the Tamil rebels, and Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi last week accused Colombo of slaughtering thousands of Sri Lankan citizens in the Jaffna Peninsula.

Colombo has denied Indian charges that it bombed and strafed civilians. It said 37 civilians have been killed during the military offensive along with 30 soldiers and 150 rebels.

The Sri Lankan Foreign Ministry also appeared to question New Delhi's plan for Indian Red Cross officials to distribute the supplies in Jaffna.

"The modalities of supply and distribution, it is suggested, could be worked out by representatives of both governments," a ministry statement said.

The exchange over the flotilla occurred as the government in Colombo reported that its troops had

captured the last rebel stronghold in Jaffna's northeast Vadamarchchi region, the major objective of the offensive.

"It's a very big blow for the terrorists," a government spokesman said.

But he admitted that another objective of the military action, the capture of a Tamil military commander, Velupillai Prabhakaran, had failed.

Journalists were not permitted to travel to the region to verify the situation.

However, the army lifted a week-long curfew in the rest of the Jaffna peninsula for 11 hours to allow the 800,000 inhabitants to buy supplies. It was an indication that the first stage of the government's operation to secure the peninsula was near completion.

It also said troops were distributing dry rations to civilians in Vadamarchchi and would soon lift a fuel embargo there.

Officials have said that seizing control of Vadamarchchi from an estimated 600 to 1,000 guerrillas of the Liberation Tigers of Tamil Eelam was the main objective of the operation.

In Colombo, President Junius R. Jayawardene, who has taken an increasingly tough line against the rebels in recent weeks, said he, his ministers and party colleagues would never allow the destruction of Sri Lanka's unity.



## In South Korea, a Mothers' March for Jailed Activists

About 60 mothers demanding the release of 150 student activists were arrested Monday in Seoul as they marched toward the city hall. In the front line of protesters was a 67-year-old woman whose grandson had been jailed for demonstrating against the government of President Chun Doo-hwan. Her headband says: "Down with Dictators." About 300 police took the women away on

## 8 Years After Defeat by Hanoi, a Resurgent Khmer Rouge

By Seth Mydans

**TA NGOC, Thailand** — Like many of his countrymen, Kun Ngorm lost several family members during the harsh four-year rule of the Cambodian strongman Pol Pot. But unlike most Cambodians, he remains under the control of Pol Pot's Khmer Rouge administration, which holds sway in the Site 8 camp for displaced people near this small border town.

Thai soldiers guard the camp's perimeter, and international relief

organizations offer food and medical care in buildings near its front gate.

But along the narrow pathways deep inside the camp, which is crowded with 30,000 refugees, uniformed Khmer Rouge soldiers stroll openly, apparently on leave from the fighting just across the border.

Khmer Rouge organizers gather the refugees for regular political indoctrination sessions and, according to Mr. Ngorm and others, periodically recruit them as porters for their guerrilla army inside Cambodia.

Unlike guerrilla groups who control other camps along the border, the Khmer Rouge discourage contact with outsiders and, according to relief workers, forbid letter writing.

Eight years after being driven from power by a Vietnamese invasion, Pol Pot retains a fighting force estimated at 40,000 and a measure of international recognition as part of a rebel coalition backed by China, the United States and Cambodia's non-Communist neighbors in Southeast Asia.

Khmer Rouge leaders have maintained their international standing despite evidence that they killed more than a million Cambodians during their years in power.

A New York-based human rights group, the Cambodia Documentation Commission, has begun a campaign to have the Khmer Rouge tried for genocide before the International Court of Justice.

"The Khmer Rouge have done quite well," a Western diplomat said. "Here we are after all these years, with this same secretive organization under the same leadership, with considerable numbers of fighters still existing there in the jungle."

The Khmer Rouge army is believed to be having some success in its recruitment, not only among the refugees in its camps but within Vietnamese-controlled Cambodia.

"The Khmer Rouge can get in very far inside Cambodia," said Thou Thon, an official of the non-Communist Khmer Peoples National Liberation Front, which is allied with the Pol Pot group in an uncomfortable rebel coalition.

"When the Vietnamese mistreat the Khmer people, the first ones to be recruited are the Khmer Rouge," he said.

Mr. Ngorm, now 30, was a student when Pol Pot came to power in 1975 and has spent his adult life under his control.

Looking at his son, 4, who stood

with his hand on Mr. Ngorm's knee, he said, "I want for him better than my life with Pol Pot, better than my life in this camp."

The Site 8 camp is the Khmer Rouge showpiece, and it is visibly

**'Here we are after all these years, with this same secretive organization under the same leadership.'**

— A Western diplomat

rebel coalition, one loyal to Prince Norodom Sihanouk and the other to Mr. Thou's faction.

As a measure of the camp's tight organization, the International Committee for the Red Cross counted only a half-dozen violent incidents in the last year.

But aid officials worry about four smaller Khmer Rouge camps, where they have been permitted only occasional visits.

Within Site 8, the uniformed soldiers do not approach the administration buildings, where on Wednesdays the refugees line up with their ration cards for the weekly deliveries of rice, canned fish, flour, beans, cooking oil and salt.

Groups of Khmer Rouge soldiers in green canvas shoes, green uniforms and green Chinese-style caps stroll the pathways or lounge in the shade of the tiny buns. When the soldiers see a foreigner, they flee in all directions.

An outsider finds little criticism of Pol Pot or the Khmer Rouge.

"I am a supporter of the Khmer Rouge," said Or Ee, who works in the camp's hospital. "All the people here support the Khmer Rouge. Some people say Pol Pot was bad. For me, I did not see him kill people. I don't know about that."

He and others insisted on recruitment for the Khmer Rouge supply lines was voluntary.

It is a vital aspect of the conflict, which one diplomat described as "a war of supplies." "If the resistance can control the supply routes into the country, if they can recruit, maintain a presence inside the Vietnamese are in trouble," he said.

Mr. Ngorm has been those recruited.

"I have gone to the camp," he said. "I have carried rice and the military supplies for three days or a week. Vietnamese attack, they fight them and I hide myself in a good place."

He, too, said this work was voluntary, but added, "I do some because they are afraid. The ones who are afraid, they remember how it was before."

As he talked to a reporter, a crowd of curious children and unsentimental adults grew outside the shade of the hut. Mr. Ngorm, with his small son, looked on.

"There are things I cannot say, the true things," he said apologetically. "I know many things. I am very sorry that I cannot say them."

## 200 People Evacuated During California Fire

**MONTEREY, California** — Nearly 200 people have been evacuated from their homes near the coastal city of Monterey because of a brush and forest fire, a fire official said Monday.

Captain Jackie Scottin of the California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection said the blaze, which began Saturday afternoon, had destroyed or damaged about 40 houses. She said the fire had spread over about 100 acres (40 hectares).

## A Broader Education for Engineers

MIT to Require Courses in Arts, Humanities, Social Sciences

By Edward B. Fiske

**CAMBRIDGE, Massachusetts** — As the first step in a long-term effort to broaden the education of engineering students, undergraduates at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology will be required to pursue more systematic study of the arts, humanities and social sciences.

Starting with the freshman class next year, undergraduates will be required to take at least three courses that stress such fundamental academic themes as literary traditions and the origins of political institutions.

For the first time, they will be allowed to choose nontechnical disciplines, ranging from philosophy

to the role of women in society, as a minor field of study.

The changes were approved by a faculty vote May 29 after vigorous debate and student opposition. They are part of what Paul E. Gray, president of the institute, termed a "searching assessment and reformulation" of what engineers do and how they should be trained.

"A professional engineer can no longer be narrowly focused on technical interests," he said. "He lives and operates in a social system, and he needs to understand cultural and human values. Humanities courses cannot be viewed merely as frosting on the cake."

The changes are also meant, institute officials said, to dispel the notion that engineers are "technological mercenaries" who solve other people's problems. Another aim is to prepare more graduates for major policy-making posts in politics, business and other fields.

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"Too many MIT graduates end up working for too many Princeton and Harvard graduates," said Ann F. Friedlaender, dean of the School of Humanities and Social Science.

As the next step in the effort, courses are being planned in which students would study the social, political, economic and other consequences of technological developments. Prospective topics in these courses are to include economic competitiveness with Japan and the politics of the development of the hydrogen bomb.

"The idea is to bridge the two worlds of the humanities, arts and social sciences on the one hand and engineering and society on the other," Margaret L.A. MacVicar, dean for undergraduate education, said of the courses in the next phase of the program. "The hope is that this will become a requirement."

The institute has about 4,500 undergraduates. Two-thirds of them, more than ever before, are enrolled in the School of Engineering and Computer Science.

Science and mathematics majors account for nearly a quarter of the students, and the rest, about 10 percent, pursue majors in the arts, architecture, humanities or social sciences.

## Rome Outlines War on Litter

United Press International

**ROME** — Rome's 208 sanitation workers were empowered Monday to issue on-the-spot fines to litterers ranging from 30,000 lire (\$23) to 700,000 lire. The minimal fine of 30,000 lire covers abuses such as tossing cigarette butts and other small bits of refuse on the streets.

The fine for leaving a bag of garbage on the street will be 50,000 lire and dumping a load of garbage or trash from 200,000 lire to a maximum 700,000 lire. City sanitation officials have installed big, bright yellow garbage cans because the old models — small, orange plastic containers attached to street signs — were small and constantly overloaded.

Some Romans think the campaign will not work. In a letter in Rome's *Il Messaggero* newspaper Monday, the head of the city's environmental department, Gabriele Alciati, noted that officials have been trying to clean up the city for centuries.

## U.K. Demands Apology From Iran for Abduction

The Associated Press

**LONDON** — Britain said Monday it had demanded an apology from Iran for the one-day abduction of a British diplomat in Tehran and said Iran had "trumped up" a case against him.

The British foreign secretary, Sir Geoffrey Howe, said there was no foundation for charges against the diplomat, Edward Chaplin, who was abducted Thursday.

Sir Geoffrey expressed skepticism over Iranian claims that the action against Mr. Chaplin was not related to charges brought against Ali Qassemi, an Iranian vice consul in Manchester, England.

Mr. Qassemi, 29, has been charged with shoplifting, reckless driving and resisting arrest.

He was released on bail the same day that Mr. Chaplin was kidnapped.

"Frankly, it is very difficult to believe that they are not connected," Sir Geoffrey said.

"It would be quite unjustifiable for them to be connected, but it

does look as if they have trumped up in response to charge on which their official this country would stand trial.

Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher described the Chaplin case as outrageous and said pressure would be kept on Tehran.

The Foreign Office said Britain had demanded an explanation for the abduction and arrest of Mr. Chaplin.

An official said Britain had demanded an apology, as well as details of the charges, the Iranian said they were bringing against Mr. Chaplin.

"We have made it clear both here and in Tehran that we are not prepared to wait indefinitely for an answer," the official said.

Mr. Chaplin, 36, was kidnapped by six armed men while driving in Tehran.

He was beaten in front of his wife and two children and held for 24 hours.

Iran has said he will be charged with unspecified offenses.

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# ISRAEL: Combination of Fierce Pride and Fear Fuels Hostility in West Bank Towns

(Continued from Page 1)

ters, you can see all the symptoms of a twilight war, an intercommunal strife that has nothing to do with diplomatic initiatives and that renders them totally superfluous.

"We are now faced not with the old notion of the Israeli-Arab conflict involving external forces and governments," he says, "but we are coming closer to a civil war of two competing nationalisms in the land west of the River Jordan."

Most of the estimated 60,000 Jews who have settled in the occupied territories are, like Ofra Moses, not messianic ideologues but middle-class suburban commuters. They are being sucked into the conflict by circumstances and by their own instinctive belief that Jews should have the right to reside anywhere in the biblical Land of Israel.

They have come into conflict with a new generation of Palestinians who, like Mousa Hanafi, either were born or have come of age during the 20 years of Israeli occupation.

Many Israelis dreamed that two decades of contact between Arab and Jew would blur the lines of hostility and create the beginning of understanding.

Instead, they have given birth to young people who are more militant, more frustrated and more desperate than their elders and more inclined to lash out with whatever meager weapons they can employ.

An important element in this conflict is that neither side recognizes the legitimate claims of the other, or even the other's humanity.

Thus for many young Palestinians, Ofra Moses was not a young mother seeking to raise her children in fresh surroundings, but a foe usurping their land. Likewise, to many Jewish settlers, Mousa Hanafi was not a gifted young student, but an enemy manipulated by terrorist elements.

There are souls on fire on the West Bank, Arabs and Jews, some of them reluctant combatants, others eager warriors. This is a look at a few of them and the battlefields on which they struggle.

The town of Alfei Menashe, population 2,500, is only four years old. Houses are still under construction, streets are being laid and the new community swimming pool and tennis courts have just opened. The guard post near the welcoming sign at the front entrance is about the only visible evidence that this is a West Bank Jewish settlement.

Houses start at \$100,000 and most of the 500 families who live in Alfei Menashe are Israeli-style yuppies rather than Zionists, pioneers. They are likely to carry credit cards rather than hoses. Handguns, a common sight at many settlements, are hard to find here.

The number of Jewish settlers in the occupied territories has nearly doubled since 1983, according to the West Bank Data Project run by Mr. Benvenist. This has happened despite the fact that, since the formation of a coalition government of "national unity" in 1984, there has been a virtual freeze on new settlements and many old ones are rapidly expanding.

Unlike some of the Jewish settlements, relations between Alfei Menashe and its Arab neighbors have always been reasonable, if not warm.

But the death of Ofra Moses changed all that, changed the feeling of security that the settlers once



At the Western Wall in Jerusalem, Jewish settlers celebrate the anniversary of victory in the 1967 Six-Day War.

enjoyed and damaged the good will between neighbors.

"I don't like what is happening to me," says Nili Priel, a high school history teacher who lives in Alfei Menashe with her husband, an insurance agent, and two young children. "I don't want to behave toward the Arabs as the goyim behaved toward us. I don't want to hate them. I just want to live quietly like before."

Mrs. Priel has been a lifelong member of the Labor Party, the more dovish of Israel's two main political blocs, and she estimates that Labor once commanded the support of perhaps 40 percent of the population in Alfei Menashe. But she and her friends are beginning to move to the right.

"It's amazing, but all your feelings change, even your politics," she says. "I am angry and I am afraid and it's not a nice feeling."

For the 12,000 Arabs of Kalkiya, life also has changed.

After Ofra Moses' death, Jewish vigilantes armed with automatic weapons descended on the city, smashing shops and car windows and burning nearby fields. There have been a number of firebomb incidents since, and the vigilantes have returned several times.

Six residents have been arrested for alleged terrorism, and Kalkiya has been under military curfew for extended periods, its shops shuttered, its roads cut off by army checkpoints.

Despite the increased military presence, the leaders of Alfei Menashe complain they are not getting adequate protection. Mayor Shlomo Catan says he was surprised to wake up one night two weeks ago and discover that army patrols had been withdrawn from the area near where the Moses family had been attacked.

If the army will not patrol the area, he complains, it should authorize settlers to form local civil guards to protect themselves. Such

units are commonplace inside Israel proper but generally are prohibited in the occupied territories for fear of setting off confrontations between Jews and Arabs.

Mr. Catan says he feels unfairly constrained but will not take the law into his own hands. There are others, however, who have no such qualms.

On a recent morning outside Shmuel Ben Yishai's apartment building there sat a green Volvo with a shattered windshield. The night before, on the main road from Jerusalem, someone hiding inside the Dehassia refugee camp lobbed a rock at its windshield, a common occurrence after dark.

Each morning for the last two months Mr. Ben Yishai and several dozen other Jews have armed themselves with handguns, lead pipes and wooden clubs and headed out in cars in groups of four or five to patrol the main highway from Mr. Ben Yishai's home at Kiryat Arba, the Jewish settlement outside the Arab city of Hebron, to Jerusalem.

They call themselves The Committee for Safe Traveling. The army calls them vigilantes.

At times the "committee" does more than merely patrol. When an Israeli bus was stoned in the center of the Arab town of Halhoul last month, vigilantes set up a roadblock and roomed the area. The next morning, residents found that the windshields of 20 cars had been smashed.

Such incidents are increasingly common in this area and those responsible are seldom caught.

"The army isn't doing its job so we are helping them," says Mr. Ben Yishai, cradling his baby daughter in his arms. "The Arabs are afraid of us. You can see on their faces. They know we have no problem protecting ourselves. The stick is the best weapon, not the gun. The Arab knows you will think twice

before using the gun, but not to smash his face with a stick."

Mr. Ben Yishai is a member of Kach, Rabbi Meir Kahane's far-right political party, which advocates the forced expulsion of all Arabs from the biblical Land of Israel.

The party commands the support of perhaps 3 percent of the Israeli electorate. But it includes somewhere between 20 and 30 percent in this settlement, where many perceive themselves as besieged by both hostile Arabs and an uncaring, ambivalent government.

There is no welcome sign outside the Calandria refugee camp near Ramallah, but instead a 20-foot-high (six-meter) chain-link fence stretching along a 300-yard strip between the camp and the main highway.

The fence is designed to protect cars from rock throwers. Each year, residents say, the Israeli authorities have made it a little higher.

Calandria wears its scars proudly. Residents like to show visitors the youth center that has been boarded up and ringed with barbed wire since 1981 when someone tried to show a film deemed anti-Israeli by the authorities.

Seven houses have been demolished or had rooms sealed after occupants were arrested for alleged terrorism.

The occupation authorities contend that Israeli rule of the West Bank and Gaza is a success story. While still below Israeli levels, the standard of living there has quadrupled in 20 years, infant mortality rates have been halved. There are five universities; before 1967, there were none.

The universities were built with outside funds, mostly from the Arab and Western world, and millions of dollars have flowed into the territories from Palestinians working the oil fields of the Arab emirates.

Between 90,000 and 120,000 Arab laborers travel to Israel every day for work, at least partly because there has been little investment in industry and centers of

employment on the West Bank under Israeli occupation.

The authorities are now engaged in a cooperative effort with Jordan's King Hussein to further improve the quality of life and produce moderate local leaders beholden to Hussein and not to the outlawed PLO.

Part of this strategy is a tough crackdown on those considered PLO operatives, including a revival of practices such as six-month administrative detentions and forced expulsion.

But none of this seems to have succeeded in pacifying the new generation of Palestinian students. Call it the frustration of rising expectations, as the Israeli authorities do, or resistance to an oppressive occupation, as the Palestinians describe it.

Either way, both sides concede, it is tangible, angry and increasing, especially at the universities and at the 28 refugee camps that dot the territories.

In December, a 16-year-old schoolboy in Ramallah ran up behind an Israeli soldier, shouted "Long live Palestine," and plunged a short-handled ax into the back of the soldier's head.

No long before that, a pregnant 24-year-old Arab mother in Hebron was shot dead trying to slit the throat of a soldier with a kitchen knife. In February, an Arab taxi driver was shot dead by soldiers he tried to run down with his car.

The incidents, all of them in broad daylight, suggest a shift in the nature of the struggle. No longer

is the army fighting professional terrorists imported from outside the West Bank. Now, according to General Ehud Barak, the army's deputy chief of staff, about 80 percent of violent incidents are initiated locally, most of them by Palestinian youths.

The army and the youths are locked into a vicious cycle, with each incident leading to a military response, which in turn often triggers another attack.

After Mousa Hanafi's death, the army ordered Bir Zeit University closed for four months. Students seized Mr. Hanafi's body from a morgue to prevent the Israelis from ordering a quiet midnight burial.

They wrapped him in a Palestinian flag and burned him in full political splendor outside his hometown of Rafah, where the funeral set off another day of rioting and tear gas.

"These kids have grown up in a sense with the barrel of the gun over their noses," says Daoud Kuttab, a Palestinian newspaper editor. "So from their limited point of view, they believe might is right, that if you have power you can rule the world. The army may have the guns, but they have stones and they have numbers. The army patrol may pass by every four hours, but for the rest of the time the kids rule the streets."

In many ways the future of the young Palestinians is a dead end. Opportunities for skilled professionals such as doctors, lawyers and engineers are limited on the West Bank.

For most, their fate will be decided on the West Bank because they have no place else to go.

In a small office in one of Calandria's training centers, 10 Palestinians aged 14 through 23 — six males and four females — gathered to talk about the occupation and themselves, speaking on condition that their last names not be used.

All but one said he or she had thrown rocks or bottles at Israeli soldiers or at cars, and all said they would do it again. Five had been arrested and others had close friends or relatives who had been. Most said the only Israelis they ever met were soldiers and police.

They throw rocks, they say, because they have no way of effectively protesting the occupation. There have been no local elections here in 11 years, ever since a group of PLO mayors were swept into office and later deposed by the Israelis.

They feel they have no control over their lives or their political fate, so they lash out. If they had guns and bullets, they say, they would use them.

"We have felt insecure ever since we were born," says Samaa, 23, a Bir Zeit student. "Violence is the only way the whole world will see us and hear us. They see us as terrorists, but this way is the only way."

How do they feel about the death of Ofra Moses? The answers are uniformly harsh.

"We do not want to kill women and children, but all Israelis are enemies to us," says Abeer, 23. "They are creating a sort of retaliation by killing children, men and women in the occupied territories and in the camps in Lebanon. They have killed thousands of us with their guns and their cluster bombs, so it is hard to feel sad when one of them dies."

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OPINION

An 8-Point Prescription For Dealing With AIDS

By A.M. Rosenthal

NEW YORK—The administration in Washington is opposed to making sure that a representative of the homosexual community is named to a panel to study the AIDS plague and what it might mean for the country. This shows vividly that the people who run the government have not faced reality.

ON MY MIND

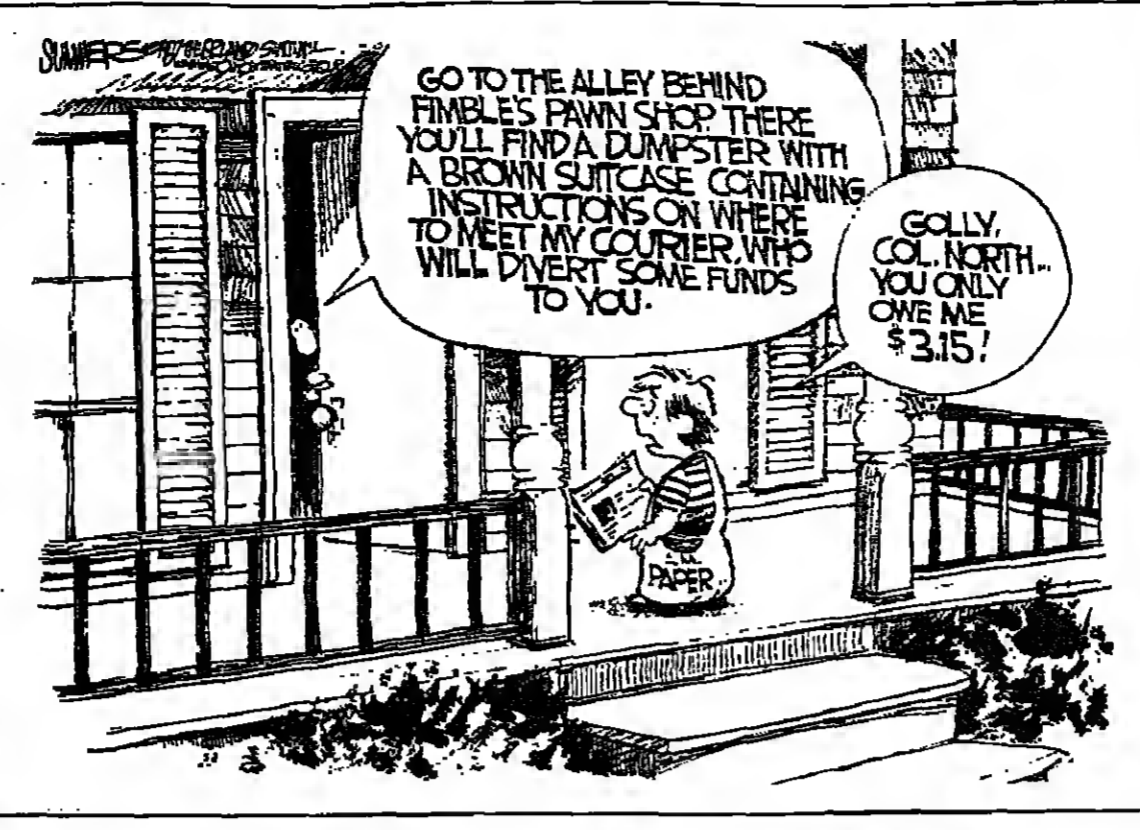
of his plans for dealing with AIDS be acceptable to the voters? I hope not. But why wait? If the Reagan administration is capable of thinking and acting and leading, it can show it now.

The Duty of Victims

WE know how tests for the presence of the AIDS virus that are as efficient and reliable as almost any diagnostic test in medicine. There are those who would prefer ambiguity to certainty. However, a person who is at risk and refuses to have himself tested must behave as though he had been tested and found positive.

ures who command the respect and attention of the nation. If the battle is to be fought, it has to be led — something Washington has failed to do against either illegal drugs or AIDS.

1. A central federal AIDS office, with financial resources and clout, to pull together all the national and state efforts, to set priorities and settle the inevitable conflicts for funds and attention. It must have a director and a board composed of scientists and public figures who command the respect and attention of the nation.



LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

U.S. Ships in the Gulf: Needed Presence or Provocation?

The Washington Post editorial "A Target in the Gulf: Important Business" (May 30) pictures the United States as having embarked "on a quiet but momentous strategy," which will end the Iran-Iraq war by "intervening on Iraq's side."

general to appoint an international commission to confer with the parties: this was an important idea, but it does not go far enough to contain the deteriorating situation in the Gulf.

In 1984, a U.S. official stated that "everyone... would prefer that collective security there be carried out by Saudi Arabia and its allied Gulf states rather than by the United States."

All of His Wonderful Work Did Not Save Him in the End

By Richard Cohen

WASHINGTON—Last summer he returned to Primo Levi. At last, he was being widely reviewed, and books that he had written right after the war, "Survival in Auschwitz," for instance, were republished to acclaim.

And we, the growing legion of Levi admirers, believed that. He seemed so happy, and why shouldn't he be? His all-important work seemed to be going well. Retired from the paint factory, nurtured by his adored Piedmont region of Italy, he wrote books that were extolled.

GENERAL NEWS

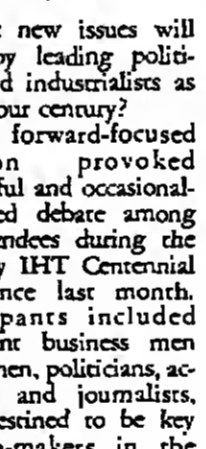
B.H. Haggin, Music Critic, Dies at 86; Was Noted for His Clean, Clear Prose

By Tim Page New York Times Service NEW YORK—B.H. Haggin, 86, an American music critic noted for his strong convictions and clean, clear prose, died Friday after a short illness.

Frank Carlson, 94, Politician From Kansas CONCORDIA, Kansas (UPI)—Frank Carlson, 94, a former Republican senator who helped persuade General Eisenhower to run for president and was the only Kansan ever to serve in the state legislature, both houses of Congress and as governor, died Saturday.

founded the Banque Lambert in 1840. His grandfather Léon was an adviser to King Leopold II at the turn of the century.

NOTES ON A CENTURY The IHT's Paris Conference: New Issues for a New Era



What new issues will preoccupy leading politicians and industrialists as we end our century? This forward-focused question provoked thoughtful and occasionally heated debate among 300 attendees during the three-day IHT Centennial Conference last month.



Helmut Schmidt, former Chancellor of West Germany, delivered the closing speech. seek information, extending its role as a source of fact and insight on important and timely subjects.

Briton Tried to Kill Opponent Of Apartheid, Botswana Says

By Allister Sparks Washington Post Service JOHANNESBURG—A Briton who said he was working for the South African security services is being held by the authorities in Botswana, charged with the attempted murder of a South African anti-apartheid activist, Ronald Watson.

fighting to end South Africa's system of racial separation. Speaking by telephone this weekend from Gaborone, where he said he was in hiding, Mr. Watson said he managed to overpower and disarm the gunman, who had fired two shots at him. He said he feared another attempt on his life.

Ronald Watson

This is the seventeenth in a series of messages about the IHT which will appear throughout the Centennial year.





ARTS / LEISURE

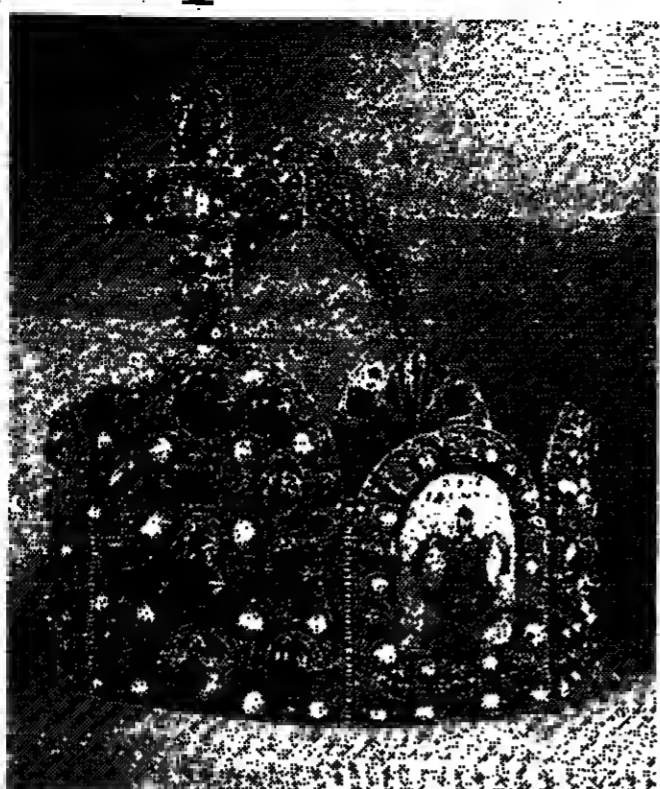
# Vienna's Imperial Past

By David Herziges  
**V**IENNA—No visitor to Vienna should miss seeing the newly reopened Imperial Treasury. The Schatzkammer, located in the Swiss Court of the Hofburg Palace, is in fact an amalgamation of two treasuries, one secular, one ecclesiastical. These apparently contrasting aspects of Austria's past are so closely interwoven, however, that it is only logical to link them in a single display.

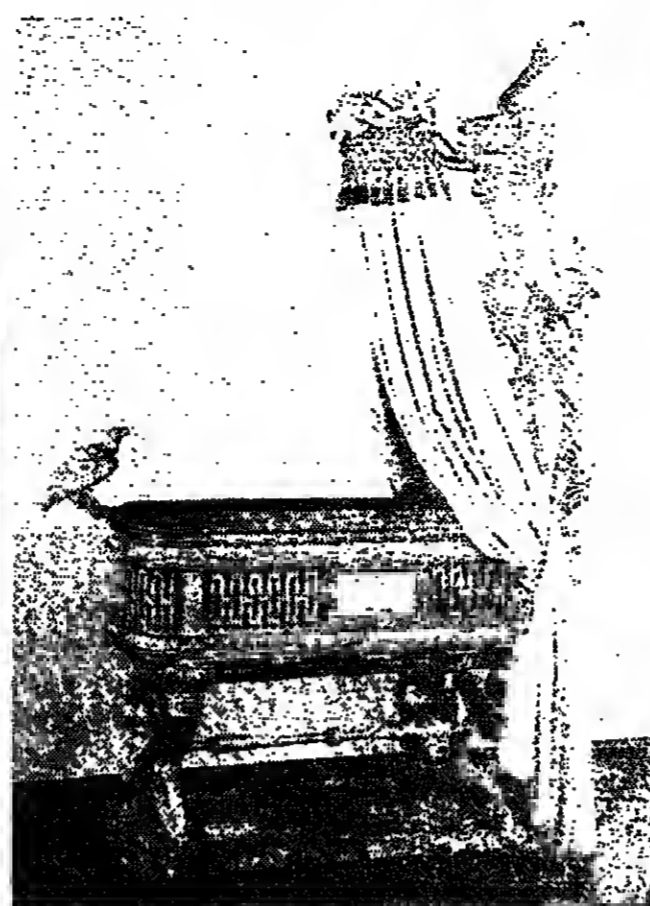
Hermann Fillitz, director of the Kunsthistorisches Museum (under whose aegis the work was carried out), can look back on more than 30 years of work on the project. After the provisional postwar installation of the collection (in 1954), he wrote the first catalogue and started thinking about finding a permanent home for this unique attraction.

In 1983 the temporary premises—crowded, badly lit and insecure—were finally closed. A grand-restoration scheme was launched with an assurance that the collection would be accessible again within two years. Financial difficulties and bureaucratic hurdles doubled the delay, but Fillitz got his way and the result is a gem.

Geographically, little has changed. The Treasury is still situated in the historical core of what was always the official seat of the Austrian rulers (although they of-



The Imperial crown (above left), and the ornate cradle of Napoleon's son, the King of Rome.



items, a polished agate dish (measuring 75 centimeters across), dates back to the 4th century.

The great attractions, of course, are the crown jewels, prime among them the Imperial Crown made for the Emperor Otto II between 978 and 980. An anachronistic portrait of Charlemagne (attributed to Dürer) shows the crown in use even earlier. There is likewise the first Holy Roman Emperor's saber, dating possibly from the ninth century, as well as a bursa (or pouch), studded with precious stones, which is said to have contained earth saturated with the blood of St. Stephen.

More than 1,000 years of Western civilization are recalled through the incomparable objects (430 in all). On show for the first time is the world's largest cut emerald (a massive 2,680-carat black) trimmed into an ornate jar. There is a gold-set 492-carat aquamarine of impeccable purity, and a fiery red jacinth.

These are only incidentals to the main flow of the permanent exhibition, however. The historian is brought back to earth by souvenirs associated with the ill-fated Habsburg Archduke Maximilian (who became emperor of Mexico) as well as by the throne-cradle made for Napoleon's son with his second wife, Marie-Louise, the King of Rome (popularly known as 'L'Aig-

lon). No less than 280 kilograms of silver went into this curious tribute of Bonapartist gloire.

Subsequent rooms take you through the Burgundian Inheritance (with unforgettable Herold's tabards and exquisite wall tapestries) and the magnificent world of the *Toison d'Or* (the order of the Golden Fleece). An epitome of secular glory.

There is an almost imperceptible change of emphasis in the immediately adjacent Ecclesiastical Treasury. Here the liturgical accessories, reliquaries and paraments used for court services are lined up inside finely restored 200-year-old display cases. They include an intarsia cabinet fitted with tiny drawers containing keys to the tombs of Habsburg monarchs resting in the Capucine Vault, barely a stone's throw away from the Hofburg.

One of the most striking impressions taken away from a visit to the Imperial Treasury is the close, almost intimate, contact possible with nearly every object on display.

The architect, Karl Mang, has consciously avoided any temptation to stage a modern show and by careful, admittedly rather low, lighting (essential for conservation reasons) has let the exhibits speak for themselves. There has been a

minor mishap—already being righted—in that the original labeling of the items is far too difficult to read. On the other hand, handy pocket guides (in four languages) are on sale for a few schillings, and, for the really keen, tapes with headsets are available in English, French, Italian and German. Provision has been made for physically handicapped visitors—a rarity in Vienna.

The Imperial Treasury is open daily, except Tuesdays, from 10 A.M. to 6 P.M.

David Herziges is a Vienna-based journalist.

# Forbes's Highland Fling

International Herald Tribune  
**F**AR HILLS, New Jersey—With limousines lined up for miles on country roads and helicopters hovering overhead, it was Henry Kissinger's kind of party—so laced with power and money it was almost palpable. So Kissinger, who had that very morning delivered a lecture in West Germany



Enjoying party and jokes: Forbes and Elizabeth Taylor

**HEBE DORSEY**

and was complaining that he couldn't find the words in his own language, and his wife, Nancy, posed with Donald Trump, Rupert Murdoch and Barbara Walters, before joining Elizabeth Taylor and Malcolm S. Forbes on the receiving line.

The invitation to what is already dubbed party of the year promised that Thursday night was to be "a night not to be forgotten," and chairman Forbes, helped by some 18 other Forbeses, including his four sons, made sure it would be just that. The occasion was the celebration of his magazine's 70th birthday, and Forbes had invited 1,100 people to a black-tie Scottish extravaganza that belied his jokes about being "tired as a Scotch."

Forbes is one of New York's biggest spenders and enjoys his money tremendously. After dinner, the genial, kilted host presented Elizabeth Taylor with a \$1 million check for AIDS research, the actress's favorite project, praising her for her "courage" and "intestinal fortitude."

The guest list included the chief executive officers of many of the biggest companies in the world—American Express, IBM, Exxon, General Motors, ITT, Citibank, Ford—and represented, according to a press release, more than \$600 billion worth of corporate clout. As Alice Mason, a real-estate woman considered as one of New York's

strongest power brokers, put it: "We haven't seen anything like this in 25 years."

It took two months to transform Timberfield, Forbes's 40-acre estate, into a kind of bogus Balmoral, with the set designer John Conklin re-creating a Scottish castle courtyard. More than 51,000 square feet of tenting, had walkways and flooring carpeted in green. The cocktail tent, as large as a football field, looked like a hunting pavilion, its pillars circled with highland greenery and topped by reindeer heads and heraldic banners. Later, 140 bagpipers and drummers descended from the hills in simulated mist and moonlight—which prompted Mrs. Rupert Murdoch to say: "I was born in Scotland, you know, and to me, bagpipes are something very special."

But the photographers were so busy snapping a beaming Elizabeth Taylor, wearing the Duchess of Windsor's diamond brooch in the shape of Prince of Wales feathers on her white dress, that for a while, it looked like a rerun of the Cannes film festival.

During a two-hour cocktail party the main topic of conversation was "How did you get here, by car or helicopter?" The model Jerry Hall, who announced that her French chateau was nearly completed, came without Mick Jagger, explaining: "He doesn't like to be perceived as too social these days." Everybody made a fuss around Mrs. Douglas MacArthur and Brooke Astor, the latter in red ruffles and having a hall on the dance floor to the music of that other perennial of good and happy times, Lester Lanin. Paige Rense, editor of *Architectural Digest*, flew in from Los Angeles.

The designer Carolina Herrera, stunning in one of her own white silk party dresses and emerald earrings, did not look like she had just had an exhausting day showing her

first fur collection. Her husband, Reynaldo, who is a close friend of the British royal family, was giving his own version of the rumored rift between Prince Charles and Princess Diana.

With 40 detectives, including three hovering around Elizabeth Taylor all through dinner, 20 chefs and 270 waiters, plus nonstop valet parking, everything was impeccably organized. The five-course dinner was served out of silver plates on blue cloths overlaid with the Forbes clan tartan taffeta runners. Magnificent flower centerpieces had required more than 3,000 roses, 1,500 peonies, and 600 branches of lilac and delphinium.

The women guests received Tiffany silver bowls and the men got a set of "The Sayings of Chairman Malcolm." It all ended with speeches—including one by the White House chief of staff Howard Baker—and a 20-minute laser and fireworks display.

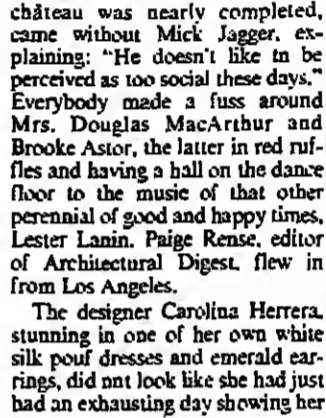
Partying is not over for the Forbes clan, who now adjourn to their chateau of Balleroy in Brittany for their yearly weekend of international ballooning starting June 12.

More than a thousand years of Western civilization are recalled through the incomparable objects... the great attractions, of course, are the crown jewels.

ten preferred to retreat to more congenial residences such as Favorita or Schönbrunn. A new entrance has been created under the steps leading up to the Hofburg Chapel, with the reception hall in what was once the imperial kitchen. (Members of the postwar occupying forces would remember it as the site of the Soviet officers' mess.) The collection is known to have been kept here in one form or other since the early 14th century.

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Italy Lire	380,000	210,000	115,000	Lire 756	Lire 275,200
Luxembourg L.Fr.	11,500	6,300	3,400	L.Fr. 18.41	L.Fr. 6.700
Netherlands Fl.	650	360	198	Fl. 1.21	Fl. 440
Norway* N.Kr.	1,800	990	540	N.Kr. 3.05	N.Kr. 1.110
Portugal Esc.	22,000	12,000	6,600	Esc. 64.56	Esc. 23,500
Spain** Ptas.	29,000	16,000	8,800	Ptas. 53.33	Ptas. 20,140
Sweden* S.Kr.	1,800	990	540	S.Kr. 3.05	S.Kr. 1.110
Switzerland S.Fr.	510	280	154	S.Fr. 1.10	S.Fr. 408
Rest of Europe, North Africa, former French Africa, Middle East \$	430	230	125	Varies by country	
Rest of Africa, Gulf States, Asia \$	580	320	175		

\* In these countries, hand delivery is available in major cities on publication date. For details and rates, please check here and fill in your address below. \*\* Based on a one-year subscription. Offer valid through December 31, 1987 for new subscribers only.

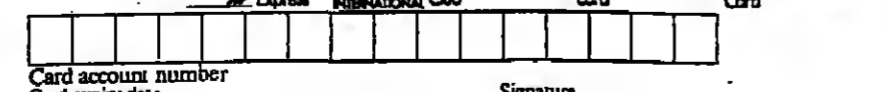
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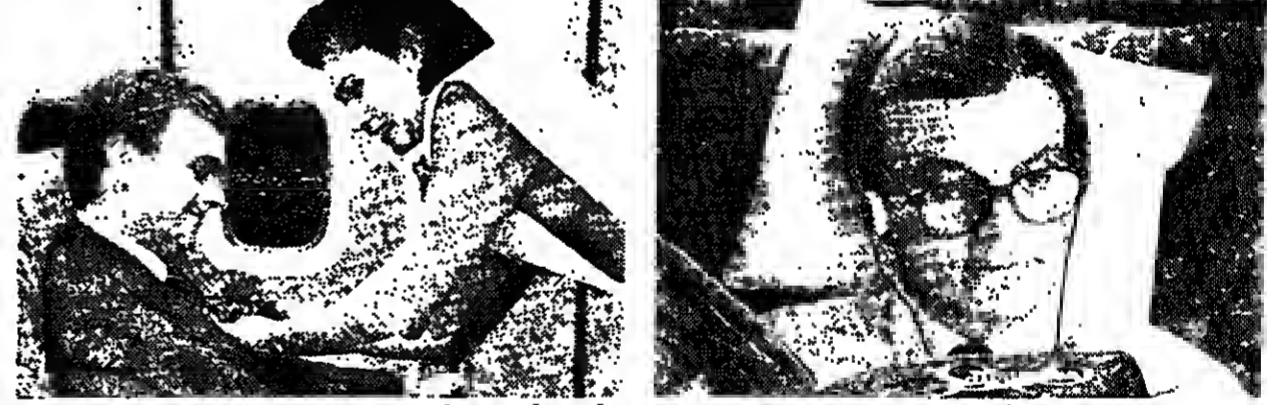
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NYSE Most Actives table with columns for Vol, High, Low, Last, Chg.

Market Sales table with columns for NYSE, AMEX, OTC, and various volume metrics.

NYSE Index table with columns for High, Low, Close, Chg.

Monday's NYSE Closing logo with 'Via The Associated Press' text.

AMEX Diary table with columns for Close, Prev., and various market indicators.

NASDAQ Index table with columns for Close, Chg., and various market indicators.

AMEX Most Actives table with columns for Vol, High, Low, Last, Chg.

Dow Jones Bond Averages table with columns for Bonds, Utilities, and Industries.

NYSE Diary table with columns for Close, Prev., and various market indicators.

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y. table with columns for Buy, Sell, and various volume metrics.

Dow Jones Averages table with columns for High, Low, Close, Chg.

Standard & Poor's Index table with columns for High, Low, Close, Chg.

NASDAQ Diary table with columns for Close, Prev., and various market indicators.

AMEX Stock Index table with columns for High, Low, Close, Chg.

Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere.

Dow Off in Moderate Trading

NEW YORK — Prices closed mixed Monday in moderate trading of New York Stock Exchange issues. Program selling and profit-taking erased gains of more than 17 points on the Dow Jones industrial average.

The market started off strong but retreated. When short-lived futures-related sell programs kicked in, a midday recovery that saw the Dow reach 2,309.02 was cut short by a second bout of program selling late in the session.

The catalyst this morning was the strength of the U.S. dollar. "As far as the rest of the market is concerned, there is a great deal of caution."

Rodd Anderson, vice president in the equity trading department at Shearson Lehman Brothers Inc., said stock prices continued to be influenced by activity in other financial markets.

"People are keying on bond prices" and the Commodity Research Bureau index, he said, "and either the Japanese yen or the Swiss franc. There's not a bad tone to the market, but I don't know if today's the day we'll see the rally."

Investors remained ready to take profits in the blue-chip issues that make up the Dow. Middle South Utilities was the most active

NYSE-listed issue, up 3/4 to 11 1/2. It was followed by Harcourt Brace Jovanovich, off 1 to 5 1/4.

The British publisher Robert Maxwell, who last week dropped a \$44-a-share takeover bid for Harcourt, said Monday that he had filed suit against the publishing company, its directors and certain financial advisers in federal court in Manhattan.

The suit seeks to void portions of a recapitalization plan announced by Harcourt last week. Ohio Edison, trading ex-dividend, was third on the active list, off 1/4 to 21.

Spectra-Physics was up a bit. It said its directors had rejected an unsolicited \$32-a-share offer from Ciba-Geigy. The company said it would pursue alternatives including discussions with third parties.

Allegra, parent of United Airlines, the Hertz car rental company and major hotel chains, fell 1 1/2 to 8 1/4. An investor group that disclosed last week that it owned a 13 percent stake in Allegra said it would press ahead with a plan to replace the company's board and sell one or more subsidiaries.

Actively traded blue chips were mixed. AT&T was unchanged at 25 1/4. General Electric was off 1/4 to 51 1/4. General Motors was unchanged at 35 1/4 and Merck fell 1/4 to 15 1/4. USX gained 1/4 to 30 1/4.

High-technology and semiconductor issues were mixed. IBM dropped 3/4 to 159 1/4. Unisys lost 1/4 to 117 1/4. Tandem Computers lost 1/4 to 6 1/4. Emerson Electric lost 1/4 to 101 and Motorola fell 1/4 to 15 1/4.

Wicks led the Amex actives, rising 1/4 to 3 1/4. It was followed by Wang Laboratories class B, adding 1/4 to 17 1/4, and Lorimar Telepictures, up 1/4 to 16 1/4.

Table A: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table B: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table C: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table D: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table E: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table F: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table G: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table H: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table I: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table J: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table K: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table L: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table M: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table N: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table O: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table P: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table Q: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table R: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table S: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table T: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table U: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table V: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

Table W: NYSE Most Actives (continued)

(Continued on next left-hand page)

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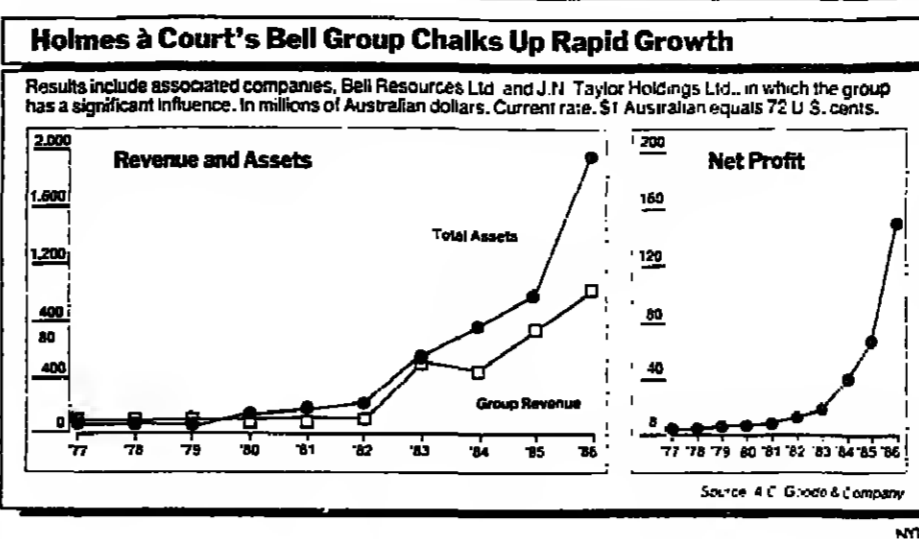
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INTERNATIONAL STOCK MARKETS Amid Lull in Dutch Equity, EOE Casts for New Options

By RONALD VAN DE KROOL Special to the Herald Tribune AMSTERDAM — After years of uninterrupted rapid growth, Amsterdam's European Options Exchange is having to settle for a more modest rate of expansion in 1987 as it adjusts to a lull in the Dutch equity market and its own new maturity as a financial institution.

Building Outlays Up in U.S. Factories, Stores Power 0.4% Rise

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches WASHINGTON — U.S. construction spending edged up 0.4 percent in April as outlays on shopping centers and factories offset weakness in government and residential projects, the Commerce Department reported Monday.



Holmes à Court: Mischief or Genius? Either Way, Critics Call Financier Master of Greenmail

By Nicholas D. Kristof New York Times Service PERTH, Australia — Even in his school days in South Africa, Robert Holmes à Court had a genius for making money.



Robert Holmes à Court

Although exactly how much he made is not known, Mr. Holmes à Court recently played the stock of USX Corp., the Pittsburgh-based oil and steel giant that has recently endured a work stoppage and takeover threats.

Maxwell Sues Harcourt to Thwart Defense

By Warren Getler International Herald Tribune LONDON — Robert Maxwell, chairman of British Printing & Communication Corp., said Monday that his company had filed a federal suit in New York against the U.S. publisher Harcourt Brace Jovanovich Inc. that challenges its defense against a takeover.

THE EOE established in 1978, boomed from 1982 to 1986 as the Dutch equity market rose to new heights. The exchange is now the fifth largest in the world and the biggest outside the United States. It offers options on currencies, bonds and precious metals as well as on shares.

The gain left construction activity only \$10.27 billion, or 2.7 percent, above the level of a year ago. The result was consistent with forecasts that the construction sector would be a drag on overall U.S. economic growth this year because of excess vacancies in apartments and office buildings and the impact of a new tax law.

African Development Bank: A Fan of Free-Market Policies

By James Brooke New York Times Service ABIDJAN, Ivory Coast — Representatives of a group of African nations met in Cairo next week in a gathering that will help determine the success of a development plan proposed by the U.S. Treasury secretary, James A. Baker 3d.

The bank is dominated and controlled by Africans, and its president, Babacar N'Diaye of Senegal, said this gave it a special standing with African governments in general.

The bank must strike a delicate balance between pleasing investors in the Western world and assuring Africans that it truly is an African institution. That balance is reflected in many of the bank's top officials. All are Africans, but many received degrees from important Western universities.

Currency Rates

Table of Currency Rates showing rates for various currencies like the Dollar, Pound, and others.

Table of Other Dollar Values showing values for various currencies and commodities.

Debt Swaps Fail to Meet Expectations

By Eric N. Berg New York Times Service NEW YORK — A promising technique for dealing with the world debt crisis — the exchange of bank loans for ownership in companies in developing nations — still faces many obstacles two years after being hailed as a breakthrough.

A major obstacle, the experts say, is that in most of the developing world, protectionist restrictions still limit how much and where a foreign company may invest.

But to absorb the additional supply coming into the market as banks shed their loans, the universe of buyers will have to expand, experts say, or prices on the loans will fall sharply.

Interest Rates

Table of Interest Rates showing rates for various financial instruments like Eurocurrency deposits and key money rates.

Asian Dollar Deposits

Table of Asian Dollar Deposits showing rates for various Asian currencies.

U.S. Money Market Funds

Table of U.S. Money Market Funds showing performance and yields for various funds.

Gold

Table of Gold prices showing prices for various gold-related instruments.

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**BUSINESS ROUNDUP**

**Toshiba's Group Net Plunges 42%**

**Reuters**  
TOKYO — Toshiba Corp. reported Monday that a stronger yen and trade friction with Washington over semiconductor exports slashed its consolidated group net profit by 42.5 percent in the year to March 31, the second consecutive annual decline.

Net profit was 34.18 billion yen (\$238 million), compared with 59.44 billion yen a year earlier. Sales fell 1.9 percent to 3,308 billion yen from 3,373 billion, the first year-to-year sales decline in 21 years.

Overseas sales amounted to 1,021 billion yen, down 3 percent from a year earlier, said Osamu Iemura, a senior vice president.

But Mr. Iemura predicted that a recovery in the microchip industry would boost group net profit by 11 percent to about 38 billion yen in the year ending March 31, 1988, provided that the exchange rate remains roughly at 140 yen to the dollar.

He projected that sales would rise 5.8 percent, to 3.5 trillion yen.

Mr. Iemura said he hoped that the alleged illegal export of high-technology equipment to the Soviet Union by a subsidiary, Toshiba Machine Co., would not hurt the parent company's exports to the United States.

Toshiba has a 50 percent stake in the unit. Toshiba Machine is a completely independent company with independent management.

Mr. Iemura said, "We want to have that fact understood overseas."  
Mr. Iemura said he had no information to confirm news reports that the U.S. Defense Department had broken off talks with Toshiba on procurement of laptop computers because of the illegal exports by Toshiba Machine.

"We have no contract," Mr. Iemura said. "The U.S. Defense Department has been negotiating for procurement with several companies, including Toshiba."

The Japanese government has banned further shipments of goods to Soviet-bloc states by Toshiba Machine for one year.

Mr. Iemura said that overall re-

sults for the year ended March 31 reflected trade tension over semiconductor exports to the United States, the year's sharp rise against the dollar and a decline in exports to China. The foreign exchange loss alone totaled 145 billion yen, including parent company losses of 120 billion.

Weaker prices for semiconductors and office automation equipment cut sales in those sectors to 245 billion yen.

Group sales of telecommunication and electronic devices, accounting for 36 percent of the total, rose 5 percent to 1.18 billion yen, powered by healthy sales of word processors, workstations, medical equipment and personal computers.

Semiconductor sales rose to 410 billion yen from 360 billion a year earlier, but fell short of an anticipated 430 billion. Sales are projected at 460 billion in 1987-88.

Office automation equipment sales rose to 650 billion yen from 600 billion a year earlier. Mr. Iemura projected 1987-88 sales at 695 billion yen, mainly because of expectations of strong sales of computers in Europe and hopes that the United States would remove a 100 percent import duty on computers.

Sales of heavy electric goods, accounting for 26 percent of sales, rose 0.2 percent from a year earlier to 868.14 billion yen.

**Valor Will Buy Yale, NuTone From First City**

**Reuters**  
LONDON — Valor PLC, the energy exploration and gas appliance company, said Monday that it had conditionally agreed to acquire Yale Security Inc. and NuTone Inc. of the United States from First City Diversified Inc. for about \$460 million in cash.

Yale manufactures electronic security systems, locks and other security devices that are sold in more than 125 countries.

NuTone is a leading American manufacturer of built-in household appliances and is prominent in the building contractor and professional installer markets. The two companies are controlled by the Belzberg family of Canada.

Valor said it would fund the acquisitions through an open offer to shareholders underwritten by Hoare Govett Ltd. and Barclays de Zoete Wedd Ltd.

Michael Montague, chairman of Valor, said that the company would use Yale's and NuTone's marketing strength in the United States to sell Valor products, but that Valor did not plan to introduce the American companies' products in Britain in the immediate future.

**Hospital Corp. to Sell Units To Employee-Held Company**

**By Calvin Sims**  
*New York Times Service*  
NEW YORK — Hospital Corp. of America, the largest U.S. hospital chain, has agreed to sell 104 of its acute-care hospitals to its senior managers and employees for \$1.8 billion in cash plus preferred stock and warrants.

The company, based in Nashville, Tennessee, said Sunday that it would have a substantial minority stake in a new company that will be formed to manage the hospitals, which would be purchased through an employee stock ownership plan.

The transaction, which follows a plan announced in April, leaves Hospital Corp. with 75 acute-care general hospitals and 50 psychiatric hospitals as well as management service contracts for about 255 hospitals owned by other companies.

The employee stock ownership plan would initially own 99.5 percent of the common stock of the new company. In addition to the \$1.8 billion, Hospital Corp. will receive preferred stock and warrants in buy up to 34 percent of the new company's common stock, fully diluted.

Institutional lenders will have an option for 5 percent, and an incentive plan earmarks 10 percent for the new company's management. If these steps are taken, the employee stock ownership plan's holding

would drop to 51 percent of the common stock.

Victor Campbell, a spokesman for Hospital Corp., said its board approved the sale Saturday night after it received financing commitments. The transaction does not require shareholder approval.

Mr. Campbell said the company would use proceeds from the sale to pay debt and to repurchase stock, but he provided no details. Hospital Corp. has \$3.2 billion in debt and 82 million common shares outstanding.

He said that the spin-off would make the company more efficient by removing two layers of operating management. Analysts said the move would strengthen the company's operations and increase its potential for growth.

Analysts also said the move might be aimed in part at thwarting any takeover. Three Texas executives proposed to buy Hospital Corp. for \$3.85 billion last month but abandoned the effort when the company resisted the offer.

Hospital Corp.'s share price rose \$1.25 to close at \$48 Monday on the New York Stock Exchange.

R. Clayton McWhorter, now Hospital Corp.'s president and chief operating officer, will become chairman and chief executive. Financing is being provided by Drexel Burnham Lambert Group and Wells Fargo Bank.

**PAREUROPE GROWTH SICAV**

AVIS AUX ACTIONNAIRES  
Les participants de Pareurope Growth réunis en assemblée générale extraordinaire le 17 avril 1987 ont procédé à la transformation du fonds commun de placement par constitution d'une société d'investissement à capital variable ("SICAV") et par apport de tous les actifs et de toutes les obligations du fonds commun de placement Pareurope Growth à la société d'investissement à capital variable qui a pris la dénomination "Pareurope Growth Sicav".  
Les parts du fonds commun de placement, coupon n° 1 SS ATT, pourront être échangées, sans contrepartie de numéraire, à partir du 8/6/87, à raison d'une action pour une part de copropriété détenue dans le fonds commun de placement, aux guichets de la banque dépositaire (Banque Paribas - Luxembourg).  
Dès le 9 juillet 1987, seuls les nouveaux certificats, coupon n° 1 SS ATT, seront de bonne livraison en bourse de Luxembourg. Cependant, ils continueront à être échangés auprès de la banque dépositaire.  
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**Boeing in \$275 Million Pact To Acquire ARGOSystems**

**The Associated Press**  
SEATTLE — Boeing Co. has reached a \$275 million agreement to buy ARGOSystems Inc. of Sunnyvale, California, a producer of military electronic systems, the companies announced Monday.

Boeing intends to acquire for cash all outstanding shares of ARGOSystems at \$27 a share, the companies said in a statement. The total price, about \$275 million, includes outstanding stock options.

ARGOSystems stock, trading over the counter, rose sharply on the news to \$36.50 late Monday, up \$11.75 from Friday. Boeing closed unchanged on the New York Stock Exchange at \$45.25.

The boards of both companies have approved the agreement. Boeing has been granted an option to buy 1.24 million ARGOSystems shares representing 18.5 percent of common stock outstanding. In addition, ARGOSystems' chairman and chief executive officer, Bill May, and three other principal officers granted Boeing an option

on their shares, representing about 8.9 percent of the stock.

Frank Stronitz, Boeing's president and chief executive officer, said the acquisition would "significantly enhance our ability to compete in the defense electronics arena." ARGOSystems will be a subsidiary of Boeing.

ARGOSystems, which employs about 1,200 people, makes equipment to acquire, process and analyze military communications signals and to intercept, analyze and jam radar signals. It also studies and does system engineering in signal processing.

In related fields, Boeing Electronics Co. produces military and commercial electronic gear, Boeing Aerospace Co. makes Airborne Warning and Control System aircraft and Navy E-6A communications planes, and Boeing Military Airplane Co. developed the offensive avionics system for the U.S. Air Force's B1-B bomber.

A Boeing subsidiary, TBC Holdings Corp., will begin a tender offer for the ARGOSystems stock after buying the shares under the tender offer, ARGOSystems and TBC Holdings will be merged, subject to shareholder approval.

ARGOSystems, which says about 30 percent of its business comes from international customers, reported revenue of \$70.9 million for the nine months to March 31. Company officials expect revenue of more than \$100 million for the fiscal year ending June 30. The company has a backlog of more than \$180 million.

**Metro Air to Buy Saab Planes**

**Reuters**  
STOCKHOLM — The U.S. regional carrier Metro Airlines has agreed with Saab-Scania AB to buy 16 34-seater Saab SF-340 aircraft valued at a total of 650 million kronor (\$102.4 million), Saab said. It announced that Metro was taking an option on a further 15 planes.

**Computer Firm To Acquire Uccel For \$780 Million**

**The Associated Press**  
NEW YORK — Computer Associates International Inc. intends to buy a fellow mainframe computer software maker, Uccel Corp., for about \$780 million in stock, the companies said Monday, in a merger of two of the biggest companies in the field.

Uccel is 58 percent-owned by Cereol Holding AG, a privately owned investment company based in Zurich. Cereol said it backed the merger. The transaction requires the approval of Uccel shareholders.

Computer Associates was the second largest independent U.S. software company last year behind Lotus Development Corp. on the basis of its 1986 revenue, and Uccel ranked eighth, according to Dataquest Inc., a market research firm.

Uccel shareholders are to receive 1.69 shares of Computer Associates common stock for each of the about 17 million Uccel shares outstanding, or about \$45.85 a Uccel share.

Uccel stock jumped to \$43.625 a share Monday on the New York Stock Exchange, up \$11.625. Computer Associates stock fell 87 1/2 cents to \$27.125 a share.

**The horizons have broadened for the largest umbrella fund...**



CANADIAN



AUSTRALASIAN



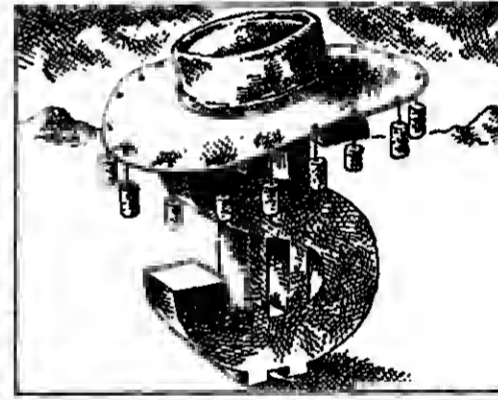
EMERGING MARKETS



FRENCH FRANC



GLOBAL RESOURCES



AUSTRALIAN DOLLAR



In the three years since its launch the success of Capital Strategy Fund Limited has attracted over U.S. \$500 million as professional investors have recognised the benefits it has brought to managing an international investment portfolio.

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The addition of these six new Funds reflects the Manager's philosophy of offering the professional investor access to the world's major equity, currency deposit and fixed interest markets. When you include the existing benefits of daily dealing at net asset value, switching completely free of dealing charges, U.K. Capital Gains Tax and stamp duty, backed by computerised administration systems; we truly believe that Capital Strategy Fund Limited offers the universal answer to worldwide investment.

Find out more, simply call Nigel Parker on Jersey, Channel Islands (0534) 27301 for a prospectus on the basis of which applications may alone be made for Participating Shares or write to him at Gartmore Fund Managers International Limited, 6 Caledonia Place, St Helier, Jersey, Channel Islands. Alternatively, contact Jo Durrant, CSF Liaison, London FREE on 0800-289 336 who will forward your enquiries to Jersey.

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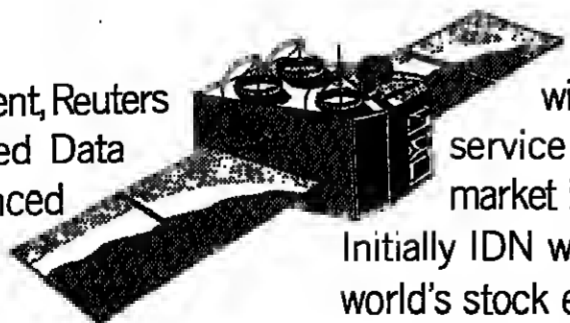


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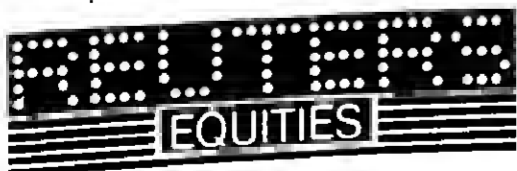
with the fastest, most comprehensive service of securities quotes, news and market information from around the globe. Initially IDN will provide stock quotes from the world's stock exchanges, together with off-floor market makers' quotations.

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CURRENCY MARKETS

Hopes for Venice Keep Dollar Up

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches

NEW YORK — After sharp gains in Tokyo and Europe, the dollar held on to a healthy advance here Monday, with traders agreeing that it should remain firm before the economic summit of seven major industrial nations in Venice next week.

The dollar finished Monday at 145.05 yen in New York, up from 143.75 Friday. Against the Deutsche mark, it closed at 1.8285, up from 1.8180. The pound closed in New York at \$1.6290, down from \$1.6319. The dollar finished against the Swiss franc at 1.5135, up from 1.5060, and against the French franc at 6.0975, up from 6.0885.

"The dollar should remain in a fairly narrow range until the summit," said Earl Johnson of Harris Bank in Chicago. The meeting of the United States, Japan, West Germany, Britain, France, Italy and Canada is June 8-10.

Until then, Mr. Johnson said, the dollar should have solid support at about 1.81 DM and 143 yen, possibly ranging as high as 1.84 and 146. But as the summit nears, he said, two views are emerging in the market.

"If the summit produces no new initiatives, some people think the market will start selling dollars and we could be back at 1.78," he said.

London Dollar Rates

Table with columns: Currency, Mon., Fri., and other rates.

\$1.6250, compared with \$1.6305. Though London dealers, like their colleagues in New York, said they expected the dollar to stay generally firm before the summit, dealers in Frankfurt said that if the perception grew that the summit would yield nothing new, the dollar could come under pressure at the end of the week.

The London brokerage James Capel & Co. said in a report Monday that, as far as summit results were concerned, an interest rate agreement to support the dollar, involving another cut in the Japanese discount rate, was more likely than concerted action on fiscal or trade issues.

Several dealers said they agreed with the Capel report that last week's dollar rally did not mean a change in the currency's long-term trend.

Capel said it expected the second half of the year to be the next phase in the dollar sell-off, which it said could be intense enough to trigger an expected rise in the U.S. discount rate.

In other European trading, the dollar was fixed in Frankfurt at 1.8377 DM, up from 1.8215 Friday, and in Paris at 6.1240 francs, up from 6.0735. In Zurich, it closed at 1.5215 francs, up from 1.5125.

Level of Dollar Is Satisfactory, Bonn Aide Says

The Associated Press

TOKYO — Helmut Schlesinger, deputy president of the Bundesbank, said Monday that he was satisfied with exchange rates for the U.S. dollar and that any further decline of the dollar would be "unnecessary."

Mr. Schlesinger, in Tokyo for the opening of the West German central bank's representative office, said at a news conference that the rates were "consistent with agreements worked out earlier this year by major monetary countries."

He attributed the currency's recent rise to U.S. interest rates being higher than those in West Germany or Japan, which has led West German and Japanese investors to buy more dollar-denominated securities.

Analyzing the effects of a coordinated move begun by major industrialized nations in 1985 to drive the dollar lower, Mr. Schlesinger said he saw a "tendency of improvement" in the world's trade situation.

West Germany Unlikely to Spur Economy

Reuters

BONN — West Germany will resist pressure at the Venice economic summit to follow Japan with a major package to stimulate its economy, officials said Monday.

On Friday, Japan announced a package of government spending and tax cuts worth \$42 billion. Washington wants West Germany also to take measures to increase consumer demand. That might help the United States narrow its huge trading deficit.

Over the weekend, U.S. officials spoke of behind-the-scenes summit consultations with Chancellor Helmut Kohl that would be aimed at securing a promise of action. Bonn officials said, however, that it was virtually inconceivable that Mr. Kohl would make concessions at the seven-nation summit, despite an economic downturn in West Germany earlier this year.

Finance Minister Gerhard Stoltenberg is already having problems finding cash for tax cuts promised for 1990 and says his budget is stretched to the limit. He is reluctantly letting government borrowing rise while federal income falls because of tax cuts.

"West Germany is exhausting the furthest possible limit its fiscal scope as far as growth and employment is concerned," he said last month.

Mr. Kohl will go to the June 8-10 summit in Venice only days after publication of figures that are expected to show that his country's economy contracted in the first three months of 1987. It rebounded in the second quarter, however, and should grow by just under 2 percent for the year.

The Bundesbank also seems averse to further economic pumping. Karl Otto Pöhl, president of the central bank, said over the weekend: "We have to recognize that there are also limits to economic growth in a country like Germany."

Talking about expectations for the Venice summit in an interview last week, Mr. Pöhl cited his program of tax cuts and West Germany's relatively low interest rates.

OPTIONS: EOE Counters a Lull

(Continued from first page)

Exchange. This would make the EOE the first exchange outside the United States to offer a U.S. stock index option.

"Having the MMI listed in Amsterdam would allow a Swiss institution to do its MMI trading here rather than waiting for New York to open," Mr. Westenberg said. The MMI options would be fundable between New York and Amsterdam.

A possible drawback to trading MMI options on the European Options Exchange, market makers point out, is that the index itself would not fluctuate for most of the European trading day.

Mr. Dreessen of Amsterdam Options Traders NV said the MMI option's success would depend on whether U.S. traders turn to Amsterdam outside of New York trading hours.

The EOE, armed with its new products, says it is not worried about the growing trend for rival European financial centers to set up options exchanges of their own.

London's traded options market is currently growing faster than the EOE and could eventually overtake Amsterdam in volume.

Option trading has already begun in Stockholm and an options exchange is to open in Paris later this month.

The Dutch bank analyst said, "The EOE is not threatened by a French exchange which trades only French share options." But it would be a different story if another exchange in the same time zone began competing in the "universal" options like gold and currency contracts.

Indonesia Deficit Doubles as Oil Income Plunges

Agence France-Press

JAKARTA — A drastic plunge in oil and gas export revenue more than doubled Indonesia's current-account deficit to \$4.2 billion in the fiscal year ended March 30, according to an International Monetary Fund report outlined Monday.

The Jakarta Post newspaper said that the IMF attributed the increase in the deficit to a \$3.8 billion fall in oil and gas exports, which account for about 70 percent of Indonesia's foreign exchange earnings.

Oil and gas exports brought in \$6.8 billion and no oil exports \$6.6 billion, the report said. Export earnings fell 28 percent, to \$13.4 billion.

The country posted a 7 percent increase in nonoil earnings in fiscal 1986. Revenue from tourism and transport services replaced interest payments as the largest source of income, at \$641 million, the report said.

Net official capital inflows, including borrowing by state enterprises, rose 30.7 percent to \$1.7 billion, the IMF said. Capital outflows were estimated at \$1.5 billion.

Monday's OTC Prices MASDAQ prices as of 4 p.m. New York time. Via The Associated Press

Table with columns: Stock, Div. Yld., High, Low, P.A.M. Ctr. for various OTC stocks.

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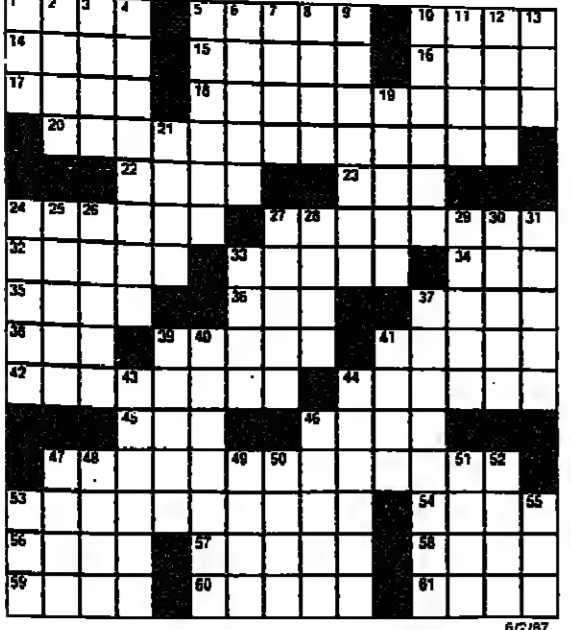
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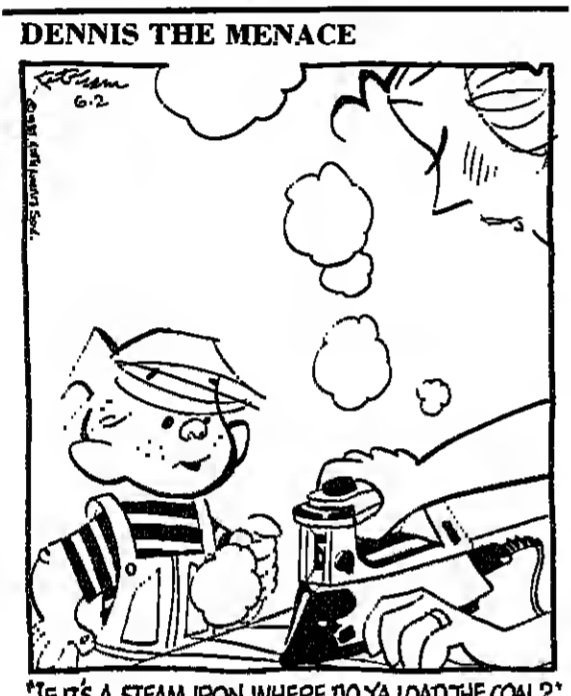
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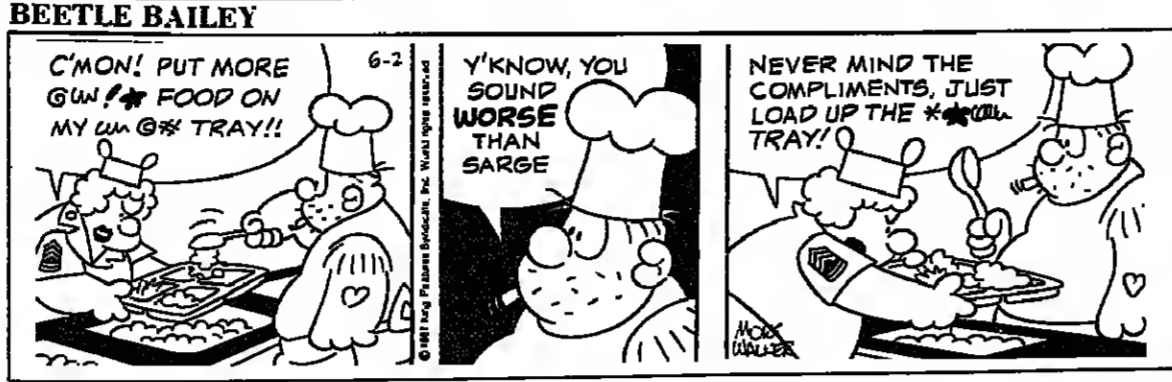
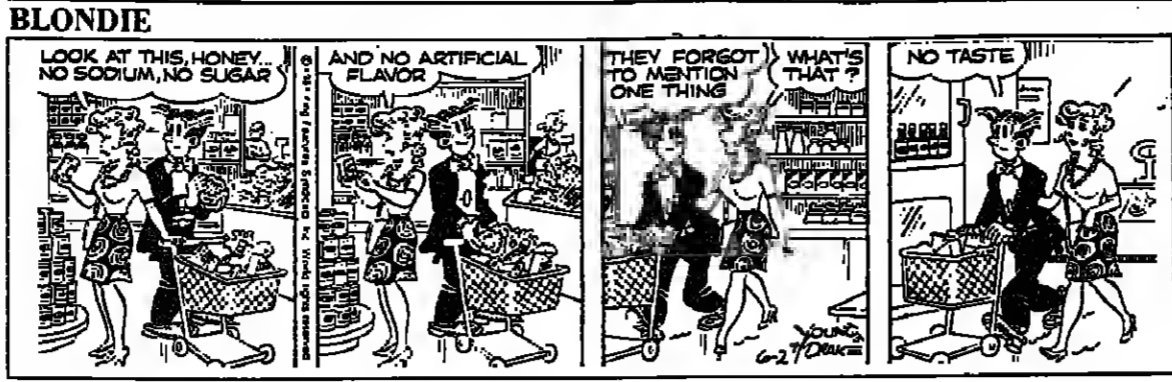
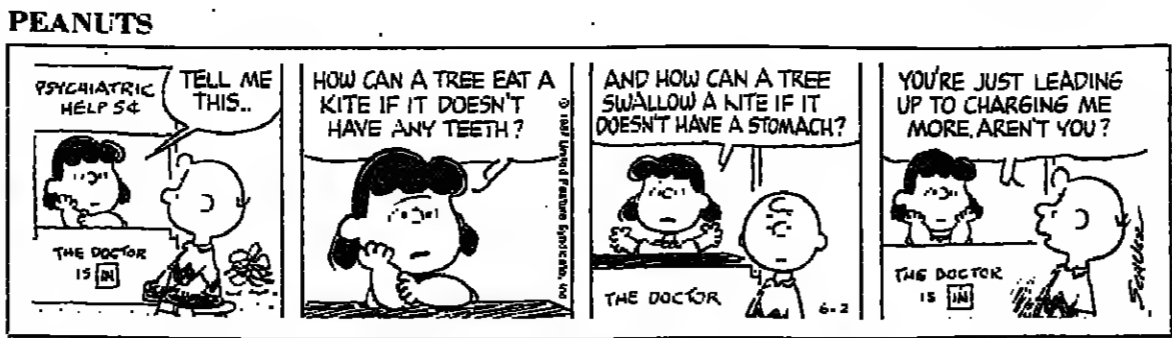
ACROSS
1 Queen Mab's rod
5 Jewish feast
10 Emulate a lark
14 Loion
15 Vibrant
16 Lacking zest
17 The God of the matter
18 Overwhelmed
20 Recent TV sitcom
22 Memorandum
23 Prevaricate
24 India's Bilhar, Orissa et al.
27 Knight or bishop
32 Snacked
33 Abyss
34 Three-match
35 Book of the Bible
36 Alpine stream
37 Hokum
38 Swindle
39 Memorable bandleader
41 Recipient of gifts
42 Durer was one
44 Doxologized
45 Witch bird
46 World's most common surname
47 Star of 20



JUMBLE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee. Includes a grid and instructions to unscramble words.

WEATHER section with tables for EUROPE, ASIA, AFRICA, LATIN AMERICA, NORTH AMERICA, MIDDLE EAST, and FRANKFURT.

YESTERDAY'S FORECAST: CHAMANEL: Smooth. FRANKFURT: Overcast. Temp. 10-12 (14-16). LONDON: Overcast. Temp. 15-18 (14-20).



BOOKS
MORE DIE OF HEARTBREAK
By Saul Bellow. 335 pages. \$17.95.
Reviewed by Christopher Lehmann-Haupt
IT'S easy enough to get caught up by the story that Saul Bellow unfolds in his brilliant and funny but sometimes suffocating new novel, 'More Die of Heartbreak.'...

Solution to Previous Puzzle. A grid with words like ECHO, PROF, FRA, RICH, ALIVE, SEAL, etc.

CHESS
By Robert Byrne
THE favorite, the world champion Gary Kasparov of the Soviet Union, had to be content with a tie for first place with the Yugoslav grandmaster Ljubovic in the SWIFT International Tournament in Brussels....

World Stock Markets section with tables for Amsterdam, Helsinki, Brussels, London, Madrid, Singapore, Sao Paulo, Tokyo, Zurich, Toronto, and Montreal.

THE DAILY SOURCE FOR INTERNATIONAL INVESTORS. Includes a logo and contact information.

SPORTS

Top Seeds Advance at the French Open

United Press International

PARIS — Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia, Mats Wilander of Sweden and Frenchman Yannick Noah...

thundering serves and forehand shots.

Jimmy Connors, 34 and seeded eighth, showed no absence of competitive fire in defeating 23-year-old Ricki Osterhuth...

Lendl prevailed in a plodding match marked by long, uneventful rallies.

While leading, 5-4, in the third set Sunday night, Lendl lost eight set points in a 26-minute game...

He came out attacking Monday, quickly finished off the fourth set

and dominated Nyström to end the match.

Lendl advanced to a quarterfinal meeting with 10th seeded Andres Gimenez of Ecuador...

Wilander, 22, again showed excellent form in neutralizing the Algerian-born Benhabiles's serve-and-volley game...



The Oilers pulled even when goalie Ron Hextall couldn't quite reach Mark Messier's tip-in at 7:45 of the first period.

Oilers Defeat Flyers, 3-1, for NFL Crown

By Robert Pachet

Edmonton Oilers, hockey's highest-scoring team, won their third National Hockey League championship in four years here Sunday night with a smothering defensive effort.

Limiting Philadelphia to two shots in the third period, the Oilers defeated the Flyers, 3-1, in the final game of a remarkable best-of-seven series.

Philadelphia's comeback kids got out ahead for the first time in the series, but Edmonton rallied to win on goals by Mark Messier, Jari Kurri and Glenn Anderson.

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SCOREBOARD

Baseball

Sunday's Major League Line Scores

Table with columns for team names and scores. Includes games like Montreal vs Boston, Los Angeles vs Cincinnati, and New York vs Philadelphia.

Major League Leaders

Table with columns for player names, teams, and various statistics like batting average and runs scored.

National League

Table showing standings for National League teams like Atlanta, Cincinnati, and St. Louis.

American League

Table showing standings for American League teams like New York, Toronto, and Minnesota.

National League

Table showing additional national league statistics and player performance.

Hockey

Stanley Cup Finals

Table listing the Stanley Cup Finals matchups between Montreal and Philadelphia.

Road to the Stanley Cup

Table detailing the playoff paths of the Montreal Canadiens and Philadelphia Flyers.

Stanley Cup Winners

Table listing the Stanley Cup winners from 1924 to 1977.

Transition

Table showing various sports transitions and news items.

Tennis

Table listing tennis tournament results and player performances.

Basketball

NBA Finals

Table listing the NBA Finals matchups between Boston and Los Angeles.

Transition

Table listing various sports news and events.

Tennis

Table listing tennis tournament results.

World Cup Rugby

Table listing World Cup Rugby results and player performances.

Tennis

Table listing tennis tournament results.

Rawley of Phillies Wins 5th Straight

LOS ANGELES — Rick Schu drove in two runs with a home run and a sacrifice fly Sunday and Shane Rawley scattered five hits over seven innings for his fifth straight victory as the Philadelphia Phillies climbed out of the National League East cellar by downing the Los Angeles Dodgers, 3-1.



Unsuccessfully trying to stretch a triple, Texas slugger Pete Incaviglia collided with Kansas City catcher Larry Owen; two fingers of Incaviglia's injured left hand were placed in a splint.

Rawley (6-2) struck out five and walked one. The left-hander is 7-0 in eight career starts against the Dodgers. John Shelby honored with one out in the first inning for the only run off him on Sunday.

Los Angeles slugger Pete Incaviglia collided with Kansas City catcher Larry Owen; two fingers of Incaviglia's injured left hand were placed in a splint.

Baseball Roundup

Los Angeles slugger Pete Incaviglia collided with Kansas City catcher Larry Owen; two fingers of Incaviglia's injured left hand were placed in a splint.

Tyson's Appeal Endures

By Dave Anderson
LAS VEGAS — Mike Tyson is not merely boxing's prime attraction now. He's a principle attraction.



Mike Tyson

Heavyweight champions usually don't quit over the brutality of their business. Muhammad Ali spouted numerous rhymes and Black Muslim rhetoric. Joe Frazier swung with his rock group. Larry Holmes built a swimming pool in the shape of a boxing glove. But with 27 knockouts now in a 30-0 record, the reigning World Boxing Council and World Boxing Association titleholder seems to live for the moment of violent glory.



Lendl prevailed in a plodding match marked by long, uneventful rallies.

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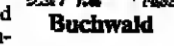
Tyson's Appeal Endures

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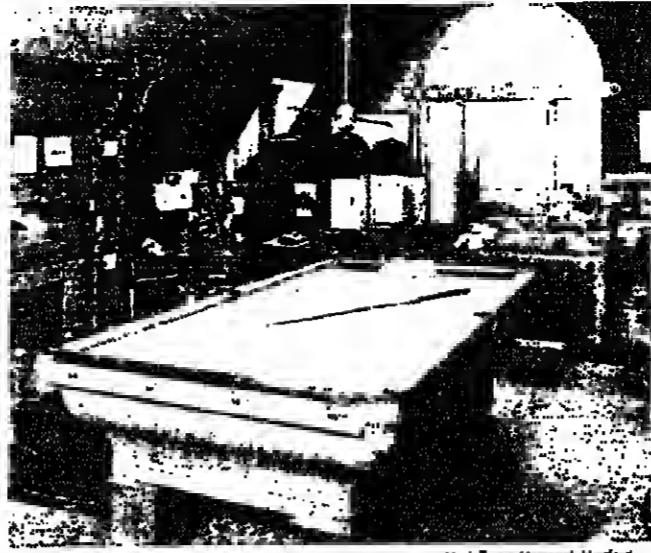
Turkey Files Suit To Regain Artifacts

ANKARA, Turkey — Turkey has filed a suit in New York against the Metropolitan Museum for the return of a collection of 2,600-year-old gold and silver pieces, a spokesman for the Ministry of Tourism and Culture confirmed Monday.

Pool Room Is Back on Cue

By Glenn Collins

NEW YORK — The billiard room. The very phrase seems to summon images that are strongly contradictory. A place of graceful skill and leisurely camaraderie, the billiard room is also seen as the chamber of impropriety, the den of foul language and foul cigar smoke.



The third-floor billiard room in the Mark Twain Memorial House (above) and the Lyndhurst billiard room, installed in the 1860s.

At its best, the ideal of the billiard room was perhaps achieved by Samuel Clemens, in his retreat on the third floor of his house in Hartford, Connecticut.

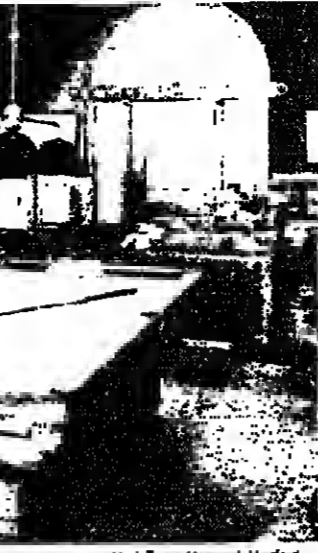
"Suddenly, billiards is in," said Ron Blatt, president of Blatt Billiards in Manhattan, a table restorer and maker that has ridden the billiards boom-and-bust cycles for 64 years.

According to a Gallup poll on leisure activities, pocket billiards, commonly called pool, ranked as the 10th most popular participatory sport in the United States in 1986, with 31.8 million people playing, 9.8 million of them women.

"We're seeing more and more women playing the game," said Bakula. "Some couples are playing pocket billiards now in the way that couples in a previous generation played bridge."

"Whenever we have a dinner party, both the men and the women will wind up in the billiard room," said Alan Greenberg, who plays on a 19th-century walled reproduction table in his Manhattan apartment.

The billiard room of the mid-19th century "tended to be removed to the upper floors, due to what were deemed the offensive smells of tobacco and brandy, the clatter of pool balls and men talking," said Jan Seidler Ramirez, who organized an exhibition at the Hudson River Museum in



Lyndhurst Archives

Yonkers, New York, that examines the Victorian billiard room.

The location of the billiard table was one marker of sexual segregation in Victorian society, Ramirez said. "The worlds of work and the home were separate spheres."

In middle and upper class families, women were viewed as the spiritual ministers of the family, and the home was their temple. Putting the billiard room on the third floor "protected the innocence of women and children from smoke, gambling and foul language."

PEOPLE

Actors Hail Olivier at 80

Britain's theatrical profession celebrated Laurence Olivier's 80th birthday with a gala evening of songs and salutes that ended with his daughter, an acting student, jumping out of a huge cake.

However, the Glenview billiard room is a "judicious distance from the ladies' sitting room," Ramirez said.

"We wanted it to be a part of the family," Carol Kimball said. "It's nice — we're together." John Kimball added, "and I'm not out every night playing pool. It was my dream to have a table like this."

"Some couples restoring Victorian homes say they want them to look authentic," Bakula said. "And if a room used to be a billiard room, they want a billiard table in there, even if they don't know how to play."

However, Blatt said, "Once it's there, they wind up getting interested in the game, despite themselves. It's inevitable."

his wife, Jean, and daughter Lynn Takemoto were detained at Honolulu International Airport. Among the items he failed to declare was a \$25,000 diamond woman's watch, a diamond brooch and a designer dress, gifts to Mrs. Ariyoshi, and a pearl pendant given to his daughter, Ariyoshi said. But he said he had no intention "of seeking to circumvent the federal laws of this country," Ariyoshi was governor for 13 years until last Dec. 1.

Andrei Nikolski, 28, a Moscow-born pianist who has been living in Munich since 1983, won the Queen Elisabeth of Belgium international piano competition in Brussels. The 17-member jury awarded second prize to the youngest competitor, Akira Wakabayashi, 22, of Japan.

The American College in Paris will award honorary doctor of humane letters degrees to Viscount Etienne Desjardins, director of the Societe Generale de Belgique and former head of the political division of the Belgian Foreign Ministry; Yves Bonnefoy, poet, critic, translator and professor at the College de France; and Elizabeth J. McCormack, responsible for the family philanthropic office of Rockefeller Family and Associates.

Fawn Hall, starlet of the Inca-troupe hearings, was in Paris this week in search of her lost anonymity. She found it, briefly, when she turned up unrecognizably clad in a fashionable Left Bank restaurant. Mistaken for a lost tourist, she was offered a postcard instead of a table and shown back to the street, where she waited unrecognized until rescued by friends.



Fawn Hall

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